FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 MARCH 2022 AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF THE REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)

# (CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## To the General Assembly of Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.

### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying statement of financial position of Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. (the "Company") as at 31 March 2022 and the related statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The Company management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRSs"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

## Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standard (IAS) on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit conducted in accordance with Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

## Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (TFRSs).

### Other Matters

As detailed in Note 28, we draw attention to the following issues that may affect the Parent Bank ("the Bank"):

On 15 October 2019, a lawsuit was filed against the Parent Bank by the New York Southern District Attorney General of the United States ("US") Department of Justice for violation of Iranian sanctions and in the New York Southern District Court ("District Court"). The criminal case in the District Court is pending due to an appeal by the Bank within the scope of the "Foreign State Immunity Act (FSIA)". The Bank's appeal process to the US Supreme Court is ongoing.

In addition, a civil lawsuit was filed against the Parent Bank on 27 March 2020 with a claim for compensation by some plaintiffs in the U.S. New York Southern District Court "on the grounds that they could not satisfy their judgments from Iran due to violations of sanctions". The District Court dismissed the case. The complainants appealed the court decision before the Second Appeal. The appeal process is ongoing.

At this stage, the Bank's Management stated that there were no penalty, compensation, sanction or measure arising from the ongoing criminal and civil lawsuits against the Bank. There is an uncertainty with respect to any decisions by the US authorities that may adversely affect the financial position of the Bank. No provision has been made regarding these matters in the financial statements of the Bank. However, our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

DRT BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE SERBEST MUHASEBECİ MALİ MÜŞAVİRLİK A.Ş. Member of **DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU LIMITED** 

Zere Gaye Şentürk Partner

İstanbul, 12 May 2022

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## REVIEWED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	Reviewed 31 March 2022	Audited 31 December 2021
ASSETS			_
Current Assets		789,719,325	272,725,275
Cash and Cash Equivalents	27	487,839,767	52,795,894
Trade Receivables	5	3,535,823	1,811,138
Trade Receivables from Related Parties	4	60	60
Trade Receivables from Third Parties		3,535,763	1,811,078
Inventory	6	222,769,414	176,833,096
Prepaid Expenses	7	1,149,936	734,112
Prepaid Expenses to Third Parties		1,149,936	734,112
Current Tax Assets		898,601	733,745
Other Current Assets	14	73,525,784	39,817,290
Other Current Assets from Third Parties		73,525,784	39,817,290
Non-Current Assets		4,592,934,867	4,294,745,095
Trade Receivables	5	106,571	244,980
Trade Receivables From Third Parties		106,571	244,980
Financial Investments	30	15,000,000	15,000,000
Investment Property	9	4,434,393,228	4,127,257,500
Property, Plant and Equipment	10	4,756,536	3,917,083
Intangible Assets	11	780,448	769,895
Other Intangible Assets		780,448	769,895
Prepaid Expenses	7	73,812,336	83,469,889
Prepaid Expenses to Related Parties		812,717	561,536
Prepaid Expenses to Third Parties		72,999,619	82,908,353
Other Non-Current Assets	14	64,085,748	64,085,748
Other Non-Current Assets to Related Parties		64,085,748	64,085,748
TOTAL ASSETS		5,382,654,192	4,567,470,370

## REVIEWED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	Reviewed 31 March 2022	Audited 31 December 2021
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities		1,369,732,009	1,089,243,097
Current Liabilities	23	1,039,870,644	864,006,093
Short-Term Borrowings from Related Parties		1,038,933,443	862,804,646
Short-Term Borrowings from Third Parties		937,201	1,201,447
Short-Term Portion of Long-Term Borrowings	23	49,095,711	50,368,187
Short-Term Portion of Long-Term		49,095,711	50,368,187
Borrowings from Related Parties		47,075,711	30,300,107
Trade Payables	5	120,855,686	51,598,557
Trade Payables to Related Parties	4	-	10,021
Trade Payables to Third Parties		120,855,686	51,588,536
Liabilities Arising from Customer Contracts	8	118,315,115	94,920,308
Contract Liabilities Arising from		118,315,115	94,920,308
Goods and Services Sales		110,313,113	74,720,300
Short-Term Provisions		3,638,432	3,490,926
Short-Term Portion of Provisions Related to		3,152,900	2,799,386
Employee Benefits	13	3,132,900	2,799,300
Other Short-term Provisions	11	485,532	691,540
Other Current Liabilities	14	37,956,421	24,859,026
Other Current Liabilities to Related Parties / Other Current Liabilities to Third Parties		37,956,421	24,859,026
Non-Current Liabilities		169,545,337	180,501,154
Long-Term Borrowings	23	83,154,379	94,209,091
Long-Term Financial Borrowings From Related Parties		82,779,327	93,736,832
Long-Term Financial Borrowings From Third Parties		375,052	472,259
Trade Payables		85,000,000	85,000,000
Trade Payables to Related Parties	4	85,000,000	85,000,000
Long-Term Provisions	13	1,390,958	1,292,063
Long-Term Portion of Provisions Related to Employee Benefits		1,390,958	1,292,063
EQUITY		3,843,376,846	3,297,726,119
Share Capital	15	1,530,000,000	1,020,000,000
Treasury Shares (-)	15	(43,134,006)	(28,756,004)
Share Premium / Discounts		50,371,595	49,945,096
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss		61,003	61,003
- Gains on Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans		61,003	61,003
Restricted Reserves Appropriated from Profit	15	62,192,710	58,787,783
Prior Years' Profit or Loss	-	2,194,283,314	1,821,775,956
Net Profit or Loss for the Period		49,602,230	375,912,285
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		5,382,654,192	4,567,470,370

REVIEWED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY  $-\,30$  MARCH 2022

		Reviewed	Audited
		1 January-	1 January-
		31 March	31 March
	Notes	2022	2021
Revenue	16	28,609,655	33,758,371
Cost of Sales (-)	16	(2,837,457)	(18,660,134)
GROSS PROFIT (LOSS)		25,772,198	15,098,237
General Administrative Expenses (-)	18	(7,358,804)	(5,365,243)
Marketing Expenses (-)	18	(1,120,386)	(1,050,581)
Other Income from Operating Activities	19	37,909,367	463,522
Other Expenses from Operating Activities (-)	19	(663,370)	(182,540)
OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)		54,539,005	8,963,395
OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE			
FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSE)		54,539,005	8,963,395
Finance Expenses (-)	20	(4,936,775)	(729,102)
PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		49,602,230	8,234,293
PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		49,602,230	8,234,293
Earnings per Share		0.0324	0.0081
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (EXPENSE)		49,602,230	8,234,293

# REVIEWED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

Accumulated Other
Comprehensive Income or
Expenses that will
not be Reclassified
to Profit or Loss

					to Profit or Loss		Retained I	Earnings	
						Restricted			
				Share	Accumulated Gains/Losses	Reserves			
		Share	Treasury	Premium/	on Remeasurement of	Appropriated	Prior Years' Profit /	Net Profit / Loss	
	Notes	Capital	Shares	Discounts	Defined Benefit Plans	from Pofit	Losses	for the Period	Equity
Balances as of 1 January 2021		970,000,000	(27,346,399)	49,945,096	68,913	52,735,975	1,528,632,662	351,894,931	2,925,931,178
Transfers		-	-	-	-	2,246,209	348,459,758	(351,894,931)	(1,188,964)
Total Comprehensive Income			_	=	162,941			8,234,293	8,397,234
Balances as of 31 March 2021	15	970,000,000	(27,346,399)	49,945,096	231,854	54,982,184	1,877,092,420	8,234,293	2,933,139,448
Balances as of 1 January 2022	15	1,020,000,000	(28,756,004)	49,945,096	61,003	58,787,783	1,821,775,956	375,912,285	3,297,726,119
Transfers		-	-	-	-	3,404,927	372,507,358	(375,912,285)	-
Total Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	-	-	49,602,230	49,602,230
Capital Increase	15	510,000,000	(14,378,002)	426,499	<u>-</u>	_	_		496,048,497
Balances as of 31 March 2022	15	1,530,000,000	(43,134,006)	50,371,595	61,003	62,192,710	2,194,283,314	49,602,230	3,843,376,846

# REVIEWED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	Reviewed 1 January- 31 March 2022	Reviewed 1 January- 31 March 2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,000		
Profit/(Loss) for the Period		545,224,228	8,447,183
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Profit (Loss) for the Period			
- Adjustments Related to Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	10-11	965,184	887,871
- Adjustments Related to Provisions	12-13	315,921	387,993
- Adjustments Related to Interest Income and Expenses	16-20	(1,896,239)	(2,734,248)
- Adjustments Related to Fair Value Losses/Gains	19	(36,565,000)	-
- Adjustments Related to Loss/Gains		(1,243,983)	-
Changes in working capital			
- Adjustments Related to (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	6	(45,936,318)	(4,249,364)
- Adjustments Related to (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables		(1,558,311)	1,113,654
- Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses		9,241,729	2,242,194
- Decrease (Increase) in Other Operating Assets		(33,873,350)	(2,099,637)
- Adjustments Related to Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables		69,257,129	(1,287,937)
- Adjustments Related to Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Income			
(Excluding Liabilities Arising from Customer Contracts)		23,394,807	529,531
- Adjustments Related to Increase (Decrease) in Other Operating Liabilitie	c	12,999,910	2,558,144
Cash Generated from Operations	5	540,325,707	5,795,384
Interest Received		4,852,460	2,277,946
Interest Received		545,178,167	8,073,330
			0,072,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Cash Outflows from Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment			
and Intangible Assets	10-11	(1,815,190)	(394,287)
Cash Outflows from Purchase of			
Investment Properties	9-20	(272,865,728)	(70,876,791)
Cash Inflows from Disposals of			
Investment Properties	9	3,538,983	17,600,000
•		(271,141,935)	(53,671,078)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash Inflows from Borrowings		957,345,046	332,733,595
Cash Used for Repayment of Borrowings		(793,822,173)	(316,105,659)
Dividend Paid		426,499	-
Interest Paid		(2,956,221)	(18,257,005)
		160,993,151	(1,629,069)
NET INCREASE / DECREASE IN			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		435,029,383	(47,226,817)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE			
BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD		52,773,911	49,531,522
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE		52,773,511	.,,551,522
END OF THE PERIOD	27	487,803,294	2,304,705
L.D OI IIILILMOD	<i>Δ1</i>	TO1,003,434	2,304,703

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

## 1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE COMPANY

The main activity of Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ (the "Company") is to invest in properties, property projects, rights on properties, property related capital market instruments and portfolio including other rights and assets as deem appropriate by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey ("CMB"). The Company and its joint operations and subsidiaries are referred to as (the "Group") in this report (see also Note 2.1 and Note 3). In accordance with the relevant articles of the CMB's Communiqué on the Principles of Real Estate Investment Trusts, the main objective of the Company is to invest in properties, property projects, property rights and capital market instruments.

The operations of the Company, its portfolio management policies and limitations are consistent with the regulatory requirements of the CMB. Investment property portfolio of the Company consists of lands and rental properties which are used as bank branches and bank headquarter. The Company obtained its license to operate by the CMB's approval dated 24 September 2010 and numbered 9546, and registered in the CMB. The registered capital ceiling of the Company is TL 2,500,000,000 (The registered capital ceiling is TL 1,500,000,000 before 2 September 2020.). On 25 March 2022, the capital of the Company was increased to TL 1,530,000,000 with a capital increase of TL 510,000,000.

The headquarter of the Company is registered in Şerifali Çiftliği Tatlısu Mah. Ertuğrulgazi Sok. No:1 34774 Yukarı Dudullu Ümraniye/İstanbul.

As of 31 March 2022, the number of personnel employed in the Company is 44 (31 December 2021: 42).

The Company is a subsidiary of Türkiye Halk Bankası AŞ ("Halkbank") and was registered on 18 October 2010. With the amendment dated 31 December 2009 made by the CMB the Communiqué on the Principles of Real Estate Investment Trusts, it is obligatory that the shares of trusts representing a minimum 25% of their capital be issued within three months of either the establishment of the investment trust or the related amendment to the articles of association being registered with the Trade Registry, are offered to public and that they apply to the CMB with the request that all shares to be registered.

The Company has applied to the CMB on 29 August 2012 to increase the issued capital from TL 477,000,000 to TL 662,500,000 within TL 1,500,000,000 registered capital ceiling, by initial public offering of the increase of TL 185,500,000 B group bearer shares. The application was approved in accordance with the CMB's decision numbered 4/97 on 8 February 2013. During 13-15 February 2013, TL 185,500,000 B group shares offered to public by restricting the preemptive rights of the existing shareholders. After the collection of the investors demand, the Company's shares started to be traded on İstanbul Stock Exchange with HLGYO title as of 22 February 2013.

Within the registered capital ceiling of TL 2,500,000,000, the issued capital of the Company, which is TL 1,020,000,000, was increased by 50%, all in cash, its application to the Capital Markets Board regarding the increase to TL 1,530,000,000 was approved at the meeting of the Capital Markets Board dated 24 February 2022 and numbered 10-282 and announced in the Capital Markets Bulletin dated 24 February 2022 and numbered 2022/10. Bearer shares with a nominal value of TL 510,000,000, with the rights to buy new shares, were made available for 15 days between 2 March 2022 and 16 March 2022 in accordance with the principles set forth in the prospectus. Regarding the increase of the company's issued capital from TL 1,020,000,000 to TL 1,530,000,000, all cash equivalent, by 50%, within the registered capital ceiling of TL 2,500,000,000, the new version of Article 8 of the Articles of Association titled "Capital and Shares" was approved by the Capital Markets Board on 25 March 2022.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE COMPANY (cont'd)

The capital increase is detailed as follows:

Date	Share Capital a	pitalisation	Increase Value	Funds
18 October 2010	477,000,000	Rights Issue	-	Funding Capital
15 August 2012	662,500,000	Rights Issue	185,500,000	Public Offering
20 June 2013	673,638,704	Bonus Issue	11,138,704	Prior Years' Profit
5 June 2014	697,900,000	Bonus Issue	24,261,296	Prior Years' Profit
11 June 2015	743,000,000	Bonus Issue	45,100,000	Prior Years' Profit
25 May 2016	790,000,000	Bonus Issue	47,000,000	Prior Years' Profit
15 August 2017	820,000,000	Bonus Issue	30,000,000	Prior Years' Profit
8 June 2018	858,000,000	Bonus Issue	38,000,000	Prior Years' Profit
17 June 2019	928,000,000	Bonus Issue	70,000,000	Prior Years' Profit
20 August 2020	970,000,000	Bonus Issue	42,000,000	Prior Years' Profit
20 May 2021	1,020,000,000	Bonus Issue	50,000,000	Prior Years' Profit
25 March 2022	1,530,000,000	Rights Issue	510,000,000	Rights Cash

As of 4 September 2014, the Company has signed a Joint Operation Agreement with Vakıf Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. for developing a real estate project.

As of 14 April 2016, the Company has signed Joint Operation Agreement with Er Konut İnş. Taah. İnş. Malz. Nak. ve Mad. Tic. ve San. A.Ş. for developing a real estate project.

As of 24 August 2017, the Company has signed a Joint Operation Agreement with Teknik Yapı Teknik Yapılar San.ve Tic. A.Ş. for developing a real estate project.

The Company established Halk Yapı Projeleri Geliştirme A.Ş. on 15 December 2020 to develop all kinds of real estate projects. The entire capital of the established company belongs to Halk GYO.

The details of the Company's subsidiary and joint operations are as follows:

<u>Subsidiary</u>	Type of activity	Main activity fields
Halk Yapı Projeleri Geliştirme A.Ş.	Construction	Real Estate Construction
Joint ventures	Type of activity	Main activity fields
Halk GYO-Vakıf GYO Joint Operation	Construction	Real Estate Construction
Halk GYO-Erkonut Joint Operation	Construction	Real Estate Construction
Teknik Yapı-Halk GYO Joint Operation	Construction	Real Estate Construction

## Approval of financial statements:

The Board of Directors has approved the financial statements and delegated authority for publishing it on 12 May 2022. The General Assembly has the authority to modify the financial statements.

## 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 2.1 Basis of Presentation

## Statement of Compliance in TFRS

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of Capital Markets Board ("CMB") Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1 "Basis of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets" ("the Communique"), which was published in the Official Gazette No:28676 on 13 June 2013. The accompanying financial statements are prepared based on the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") and interpretations that have been put into effect by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") under Article 5 of the Communiqué.

In addition, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with "Announcement on TFRS Taxonomy" published by POA on 15 April 2019 and with the "Examples of Financial Statements and the User Guide" issued by CMB.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.1 Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties that are measured at fair values. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

## Currency Used

The financial statements of each entity of the Company are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). The results and financial position of each entity are expressed in TL, which is the functional currency of the Company, and the presentation currency for the financial statements.

## Restatement of financial statements during periods of high inflation

In accordance with the CMB's decision dated 17 March 2005 and numbered 11/367, for companies operating in Turkey and preparing financial statements in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards, the application of inflation accounting has been terminated as of 1 January 2005. Accordingly, as of 1 January 2005, the standard No. 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" ("TAS 29") has not been applied.

As per the announcement published by the Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") on 20 January 2022, since the cumulative change in the general purchasing power of the last three years has been 74.41% according to the Consumer Price Index ("CPI") rates, it has been stated that entities applying the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") are not required to make any restatements in their financial statements for 2021 within the scope of TAS 29 "Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies". In the accompanying financial statements, no inflation adjustment has been made in accordance with TAS 29.

## Comparative Information and Restatement of Prior Periods' Financial Statements

Financial statements of the Company have been prepared comparatively with the prior period in order to give information about financial position and performance. In order to maintain consistency with current year financial statements, comparative information is reclassed and significant changes are disclosed if necessary.

## **Basis of Subsidiary**

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the details of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows:

				shareholding ng power (%)
	Place of			
	incorporation	Functional	31 March	31 December
Subsidiaries	and operation	currency	2022	2021
Halk Yapı Projeleri Geliştirme A.Ş.	Turkey	Turkish Lira	100%	100%

The Company accounts its subsidiary at cost.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

#### 2.1 **Basis of Presentation (cont'd)**

## <u>Interests in joint operations:</u>

A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

This control is considered to exist when decisions regarding the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

In cases where a company carries out its activities within the scope of joint activities, the Company, which carries out joint activities, includes the following in its financial statements in proportion to its share in joint activities.

- Its assets, including its share of any assets held jointly.
- Its liabilities, including its share of any liabilities incurred jointly.
- Its revenue from the sale of its share of the output arising from the joint operation.
- Its share of the revenue from the sale of the output by the joint operation.
- Its expenses, including its share of any expenses incurred jointly.

The Company accounts for the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to its interest in a joint operation in accordance with the TFRS applicable to the particular assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses.

#### 2.2 **Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors**

If changes in accounting estimates and errors are for only one period, changes are applied in the current period but if the estimated changes affect the following periods, changes are applied both on the current and following years prospectively. In the current period, there are no material changes in accounting estimates of the Company.

#### 2.3 **New and Amended Turkish Financial Reporting Standards**

## a) Amendments that are mandatorily effective from 2022

Amendments to TFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework Amendments to TAS 16

Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before

Intended Use

Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract Amendments to TAS 37

Amendments to TFRS 1, TFRS 9 and TAS 41 Annual Improvements to TFRS Standards 2018-2020

Amendments to TFRS 16 COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.3 New and Amended Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd)

a) Amendments that are mandatorily effective from 2022 (cont'd)

## Amendments to TFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments update an outdated reference to the Conceptual Framework in TFRS 3 without significantly changing the requirements in the standard.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Early application is permitted if an entity also applies all other updated references (published together with the updated *Conceptual Framework*) at the same time or earlier.

# Amendments to TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use

The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the cost of producing those items, in profit or loss.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Early application is permitted.

## Amendments to TAS 37 Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts.

The amendments published today are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Early application is permitted.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.3 New and Amended Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd)

## Annual Improvements to TFRS Standards 2018-2020 Cycle

# Amendments to TFRS 1 First time adoption of Turkish Financial Reporting Standards

The amendment permits a subsidiary that applies paragraph D16(a) of TFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by its parent, based on the parent's date of transition to TFRSs.

## Amendments to TFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes in assessing whether to derecognize a financial liability. An entity includes only fees paid or received between the entity (the borrower) and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on the other's behalf.

## Amendments to TAS 41 Agriculture

The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of TAS 41 for entities to exclude taxation cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique. This will ensure consistency with the requirements in TFRS 13.

The amendments to TFRS 1, TFRS 9, and TAS 41 are all effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Early application is permitted.

## Amendments to TFRS 16 COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") has published Amendments to TFRS 16 *COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021* that extends, by one year, the June 2020 amendment that provides lessees with an exemption from assessing whether a COVID-19 related rent concession is a lease modification.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.3 New and Amended Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd)

## Amendments to TFRS 16 COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (cont'd)

On issuance, the practical expedient was limited to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021. Since lessors continue to grant COVID-19 related rent concessions to lessees and since the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic are ongoing and significant, the POA decided to extend the time period over which the practical expedient is available for use.

The new amendment is effective for lessees for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021. Earlier application is permitted.

The Group management assessed that the adoption of these amendments that are effective from 2022 do not have any effect on the Company's financial statements.

## b) New and revised TFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Company has not yet adopted the following standards and amendments and interpretations to the existing standards:

TFRS 17	Insurance Contracts			
Amendments to TAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current			
Amendments to TFRS 4	Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying			
	TFRS 9			
Amendments to TAS 1	Disclosure of Accounting Policies			
Amendments to TAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates			
Amendments to TAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising			
	from a Single Transaction			
Amendments to TFRS 17	Initial Application of TFRS 17 and TFRS 9 —			
	Comparative Information			

## **TFRS 17 Insurance Contracts**

TFRS 17 requires insurance liabilities to be measured at a current fulfillment value and provides a more uniform measurement and presentation approach for all insurance contracts. These requirements are designed to achieve the goal of a consistent, principle-based accounting for insurance contracts. TFRS 17 supersedes TFRS 4 *Insurance Contracts* as of 1 January 2023.

## Amendments to TAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current

The amendments aim to promote consistency in applying the requirements by helping companies determine whether, in the statement of financial position, debt and other liabilities with an uncertain settlement date should be classified as current (due or potentially due to be settled within one year) or non-current.

Amendments to TAS 1 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and earlier application is permitted.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.3 New and Amended Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd)

## Amendments to TFRS 4 Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying TFRS 9

The amendment changes the fixed expiry date for the temporary exemption in TFRS 4 *Insurance Contracts* from applying TFRS 9, so that entities would be required to apply TFRS 9 for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 with the deferral of the effective date of TFRS 17.

## Amendments to TAS 1 Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments require that an entity discloses its material accounting policies, instead of its significant accounting policies.

Amendments to TAS 1 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and earlier application is permitted.

## Amendments to TAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates

With this amendment, the definition of "a change in accounting estimates" has been replaced with the definition of "an accounting estimate", sample and explanatory paragraphs regarding estimates have been added, and the differences between application of an estimate prospectively and correction of errors retrospectively have been clarified.

Amendments to TAS 8 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and earlier application is permitted.

# Amendments to TAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments clarify that the initial recognition exemption does not apply to transactions in which equal amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences arise on initial recognition.

Amendments to TAS 12 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and earlier application is permitted.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.3 New and Amended Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd)

# Amendments to TFRS 17 Insurance Contracts and Initial Application of TFRS 17 and TFRS 9 — Comparative Information

Amendments have been made in TFRS 17 in order to reduce the implementation costs, to explain the results and to facilitate the initial application.

The amendment permits entities that first apply TFRS 17 and TFRS 9 at the same time to present comparative information about a financial asset as if the classification and measurement requirements of TFRS 9 had been applied to that financial asset before.

Amendments are effective with the first application of TFRS 17.

The possible effects of the standards, amendments and improvements on the financial position and performance of the Company are being evaluated.

# 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## **Related Parties**

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the entity that is preparing its financial statements (reporting entity).

- a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (ii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

### Revenue

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that an economic gain will be realized to the Group as a result of its operations, and it is probable that the income will be measured reliably. Revenue is presented as net less value added tax and sales taxes. Revenue is recognized when all the following conditions are satisfied:

Sale of real estate

In accordance with the contract, revenue is included in the financial statements when the performance obligation determined in the contract is fulfilled after the real estate committed is transferred to the customer. When the customers receives the control of the property, the real estate is considered as transferred.

Rental income from real estate leases:

Rental income from real estates is recognized on an accrual and a straight line basis through the related lease contract. If there are other benefits to the tenants of the Company, they are recorded so as to reduce rental income during the lease term.

Dividend and interest income:

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Sale of lands

Revenue is recognised when all significant risks and rewards regarding the lands that are not designed are transferred to the buyer according to TFRS 15 and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Sales of land by way of "Land Sale of Revenue Sharing Agreement" ("LSRSA")

The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of the lands designed in the scope of "Land Sale of Revenue Sharing Agreement" (LSRSA) when transfer of legal ownership of land is transferred to the buyer. When the legal ownership is not transferred, the Company books its share of revenue as deferred income. The Company's share (land sales income) in Total Sales Revenue ("TSR") is recorded as revenue from sale of land and related cost is recognised as cost of land sold in the statement of profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. When the net realizable value of inventory is less than cost, the inventory is written down to the net realizable value and the expense is included in statement of profit or loss in the period the write-down or loss occurred. When the circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down below cost no longer exist or when there is clear evidence of an increase in net realizable value because of changed economic circumstances, the amount of the write-down is reversed. The reversal amount is limited to the amount of the original write-down.

## **Property, Plant and Equipment**

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is not depreciated and carried at cost less accumulated impairment.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalized. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets, other than freehold land and properties under construction, less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

### Leases

# The Company as Lessee

The Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of the contract. The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets. For these leases, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise:

- fixed lease payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- the amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of an option to terminate the lease.

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the statement of financial position. The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made. The Company remeasures the lease liability (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset) whenever:

- The lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate.
- A lease contract is modified and the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Company did not make any such adjustments during the periods presented.

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement day and any initial direct costs. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## Leases (cont'd)

## The Company as Lessee (cont'd)

Whenever the Company incurs an obligation for costs to dismantle and remove a leased asset, restore the site on which it is located or restore the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, a provision is recognised and measured under TAS 37. The costs are included in the related right-of-use asset, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. If a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Company expects to exercise a purchase option, the related right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are presented as a separate line in the statement of financial position.

The Company applies TAS 36 to determine whether a right-of-use asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss as described in the 'Property, Plant and Equipment' policy.

Variable rents that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and the right-of-use asset. The related payments are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs.

As a practical expedient, TFRS 16 permits a lessee not to separate non-lease components, and instead account for any lease and associated non-lease components as a single arrangement. The Company has not used this practical expedient.

## The Company as lessor

The Company enters into lease agreements as a lessor with respect to some of its investment properties.

Leases for which the Company is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases.

When the Company is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for the head lease and the sublease as two separate contracts.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

When a contract includes lease and non-lease components, the Company applies TFRS 15 to allocate the consideration under the contract to each component.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## **Intangible Assets**

# Intangible assets acquired seperately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

## Computer software

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalized on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortized over their estimated useful lives (5-10 years). Costs associated with developing or maintaining computer software programmes are recognized in the statement of profit or loss as incurred.

## Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

## Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets Other Than Goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is the present value of the expected future cash flows from an asset or cash-generating unit. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets Other Than Goodwill (cont'd)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

## **Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

When the Company borrows funds specifically for the purpose of the qualifying assets, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalization is the actual borrowing costs incurred on that borrowing during the period less any investment income on the temporary investment of those borrowings.

General borrowings of the Company are capitalized to the applicable qualifying assets based on a capitalization rate. The capitalization rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the entity that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

## 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

# 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## **Financial Instruments**

## Financial assets

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value, except for trade receivables that do not contain significant financing component. The Company measures trade receivables at their transaction price if the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component in accordance with TFRS 15 (or when the entity applies the practical expedient) at initial recognition.

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets shall be recognized using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting.

The Company shall classify financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of both: (a) the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and (b) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. When, and only when, the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets it shall reclassify all affected financial assets. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it shall apply the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date the Company shall not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

## Financial assets at amortized cost

A financial asset shall be measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- (b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Interest revenue regarding the financial assets at amortised cost, shall be calculated by using the effective interest method. This shall be calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for:

- (a) purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the entity shall apply the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from initial recognition.
- (b) financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the entity shall apply the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting periods.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

## 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

# 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## Financial Instruments (cont'd)

## Financial assets (cont'd)

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset in accordance with this Standard, an entity shall recalculate the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and shall recognise a modification gain or loss in profit or loss.

The Company shall directly reduce the gross carrying amount of a financial asset and derecognizes the financial asset when the entity has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

## Financial assets at FVTOCI

A financial asset shall be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- (b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income shall be recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, until the financial asset is derecognised or reclassified. When the financial asset is derecognised the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment. If the financial asset is reclassified out of the fair value through other comprehensive income measurement category, the entity shall account for the cumulative gain or loss that was previously recognised in other comprehensive income. Interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss.

At initial recognition, an entity can make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading.

## Financial assets at FVTPL

A financial asset shall be measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

# 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## Financial Instruments (cont'd)

## Financial assets (cont'd)

Derivatives are also categorized as FVTPL unless they are designated as hedges. These financial assets are stated at fair value and any gain or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

## **Impairment**

The Company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Company applies the impairment requirements for the recognition and measurement of a loss allowance for financial assets that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. However, the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position.

At each reporting date, the Company measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition.

If, at the reporting date, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses except for purchased or originated credit impaired financial assets. For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the Company only recognises the cumulative changes in lifetime expected credit losses since initial recognition as a loss allowance at the reporting date.

The Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, which is referred as simplified approach.

## Financial liabilities

When a financial liability is recognised initially, the Company measures it at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial liability.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

# 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## **Financial Instruments (cont'd)**

## Financial liabilities (cont'd)

An entity shall classify all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for:

- (a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, shall be subsequently measured at fair value.
- (b) Financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies: When the Company continues to recognise an asset to the extent of its continuing involvement, the entity also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the entity has retained. The associated liability is measured in such a way that the net carrying amount of the transferred asset.
- (c) Contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which TFRS 3 applies. Such contingent consideration shall subsequently be measured at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss.

The entity does not reclassify any financial liability.

## Recognition and derecognition of financial assets

The Company recognises a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when, and only, the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognizes its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognize the financial asset and also recognizes a collateralized borrowing for the proceeds received. The Company shall remove a financial liability from its statement of financial position when, and only, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

## 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

If the cash flow hedge of a firm commitment or an expected forward transaction result in the recognition of an asset or liability, at the initial recognition of this asset or liability the gain or loss previously recognized under equity related to derivatives are included in the measurement of the initial amount of the asset or liability. In a hedge accounting that does not result in the recognition of an asset or liability, the amounts previously recognized under equity are transferred to statement of profit or loss in the period in which the hedged item has an effect on profit or loss. The changes in the fair value of derivatives that do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the Company revokes the hedging relationship, when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or when it no longer qualifies for financial risk hedge accounting. Any gain or loss recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognized when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognized in profit or loss. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the gain or loss accumulated in equity is recognized immediately in loss for the period.

# **Effect of Exchange Differences**

## Foreign Currency Balances and Transactions

The financial statements of each entity of the Company are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). The results and financial position of each entity are expressed in TL, which is the functional currency of the Company, and the presentation currency for the financial statements. In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than TL (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

• Exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets where they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

# 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## **Earnings Per Share**

Earnings per share disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income are determined by dividing net earnings by the weighted average number of shares that have been outstanding during the related period.

In Turkey, companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings on equity items. Such kind of bonus shares are taken into consideration in the computation of earnings per share as issued share certificates. Hence, weighted average stock share, which is used in the calculation of earnings per share, is acquired by retrospective application of bonus share issue.

## **Events After the Reporting Period**

Events after the reporting period are those events that occur between the balance sheet date and the date when the financial statements are authorized for issue, even if they occur after an announcement related with the profit for the year or public disclosure of other selected financial information. The Company adjusts the amounts recognized in its financial statements if adjusting events occur after the balance sheet date.

# **Provisions, Contingent Assets and Liabilities**

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received, and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

## **Investment Properties**

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, including property under construction for such purposes. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognized.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## **Investment Properties (cont'd)**

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property that is measured at fair value to owner occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied property becomes an investment property that is measured at fair value, the Company accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, Plant and Equipment" up to the date of change in use.

No assets held under operating lease have been classified as investment properties.

### **Income Taxes**

According to Article 5/1(d) (4) of the New Corporate Tax Law No: 5520, the income of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REIT") is exempt from Corporate Income Tax in Turkey. This exemption is also applicable to Quarterly Advance Corporate Tax.

According to the Corporate Tax Law Article 15/(3), the income of REITs is subject to 15% withholding tax irrespective of its distribution. The Council of Ministers has the authority to increase the withholding tax rate on REIT income to corporate income tax rate or reduce it to 0% or change it within the limits defined through publication of a Decree based on the Corporate Tax Law Article 15/(4). In accordance with New Corporate Tax Law Article 15/(2), income subject to corporate tax is also exempt from withholding tax.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

# 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## **Income Taxes (cont'd)**

According to the temporary Article (1) of the Corporate Tax Law, resolutions of the Council of Ministers related with Income Tax Law numbered 193 and Tax Law No: 5422 are valid up to new Decrees published by the Council of Ministers. Determined rates cannot exceed statutory limits defined at New Corporate Tax Law.

Based on the resolution of the Council of Ministers related to the withholding tax rates which were determined as 15% according to the Corporate Tax Law Article 15/(3) published in the Official Gazette dated 3 February 2009 numbered 27130, the withholding tax rate is determined as 0% and this resolution is effective on the same date. Thereof, in accordance with the Article 5/1(d) (4) of the Corporate Tax Law, real estate investment trusts earnings, regardless of the fact they are distributed or not, will be subject to 0% withholding.

## Deferred tax

Since the Company is exempt from Corporate Income Tax in Turkey in accordance with the Article 5 of the Corporate Tax Law, deferred tax is not recognised.

## **Employee Benefits**

Termination and retirement benefits:

Under Turkish law and union agreements, lump sum payments are made to employees retiring or involuntarily leaving the Company. Such payments are considered as being part of defined retirement benefit plan as per TAS 19 (Revised) *Employee Benefits* ("TAS 19").

The retirement benefit obligation recognized in the statement of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation. The actuarial gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Profit-sharing and bonus plans

The Company recognizes a liability and an expense for bonuses and profit-sharing, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the shareholders after certain adjustments. The Company recognizes a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

## 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

# 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## **Statement of Cash Flows**

In the statement of cash flows, cash flows are classified according to operating, investing and financing activities.

## **Share Capital and Dividends**

Common shares are classified as equity. Dividends on common shares are recognized in equity deducting from retained earnings in the period in which they are approved and declared.

## 2.5 Segment Reporting

As the Company only operates in Turkey and in the field of real estate investment, there are no business segments apart from those disclosed in the notes regarding the revenue and the cost of sales and reporting details in accordance with geographic segments to be reported.

## 2.6 Critical Accounting Judgments and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

## Critical judgments in applying the Company's accounting policies

In the process of applying the entity's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2.4, management has made the following judgments that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the estimated useful lives of its property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. The Company takes into consideration the intended use of the property, plant and equipment, the advancement in technology related to the particular type of property, plant and equipment as well as other factors that may require management to extend or shorten the useful lives and the assets' related depreciation.

Determination of fair values of investment properties and investment properties under development

The fair values of investment properties are based on valuations, performed by independent valuers using certain estimates and assumptions, who hold recognized and relevant professional qualifications licenced by the CMB and who have recent experience in the location and category of the investment properties being valued. Any future changes in these estimates and assumptions may cause significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

The Company generally uses the final appreciation value in Independent valuation expert reports to determine fair value.

## Borrowing costs

In accordance with TAS 23, the Company evaluates whether borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, will be added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

## 3. INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES

## a) Joint Operations

Shareholding of the Company in the joint operation is as follows:

# Halk GYO-Vakıf GYO Joint Operation

Halk GYO-Vakıf GYO Joint Operation has been founded in Turkey for operating as a joint operation with 50% shares and 50% voting rights. The Company owns 50% of the Bizimtepe Aydos Project in İstanbul. The residences in the project will be offered for sale. The financial information of Halk GYO-Vakıf GYO is summarized in the following tables. The financial information of Halk GYO-Vakıf GYO as per the shareholding and voting rights is as follows:

Halk GYO-Vakıf GYO Joint Venture	31 March 2022	31 December 2021
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities	18,025,975 2,560,311 (1,028,107)	19,177,898 4,969,734 (1,027,990)
Halk GYO- Vakıf GYO	1 January - 31 March 2022	1 January - 31 March 2021
Profit/(loss) for the period	1,275,014	5,027,387

# **Halk GYO-Erkonut Joint Operation**

Halk GYO-Erkonut Joint Operation has been founded in Turkey for operating as a joint operation with 50% shares and 50% voting rights. The Company owns 50% of the Şehristan Project in Erzurum. The residences in the project will be offered for sale. The financial information of Halk GYO-Erkonut is summarized in the following tables. The financial information of Halk GYO-Erkonut as per the shareholding and voting rights is as follows:

	31 March	31 December
Halk GYO-Erkonut Joint Venture	2022	2021
Current assets	1,153,278	1,194,951
Current liabilities	(379,420)	(488,101)
Non-current liabilities	-	(217,513)
Halk GYO-Erkonut Joint Venture		
	1 January -	1 January -
	31 March	31 March
	2022	2021
Profit/(loss) for the period	68,678	487,666

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

## 3. INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES (cont'd)

## a) Joint Operations (cont'd)

# Halk GYO-Teknik Yapı Joint Operation

Halk GYO-Teknik Yapı Joint Operation has been founded on 24 August 2017 in Turkey for operating as a joint operation with 50% shares and 50% voting rights. The Company owns 50% of the İzmir Project in İzmir. The residences in the project will be offered for sale. The financial information of Halk GYO-Teknik Yapı is summarized in the following tables. The financial information of Halk GYO-Teknik Yapı as per the shareholding and voting rights is as follows:

	31 March	31 December
Halk GYO-Teknik Yapı Joint Venture	2022	2021
Current assets	167,213,954	108,420,343
Non-current assets	3,717,897	5,101,291
Current liabilities	(229, 171, 574)	(166,931,035)
Non-current liabilities	(2,598,470)	(4,897,737)
Halk GYO-Teknik Yapı Joint Venture		
	1 January -	1 January -
	31 March	31 March
	2022	2021
Profit/(loss) for the period	(2,437,802)	(2,879,582)

## 4. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Company, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note.

Details of transactions between the Company and other related parties are disclosed below:

	31 March	31 December
Deposits at Halk Bank	2022	2021
D 11 %	5.740.002	1.01<.055
Demand deposits	5,748,903	1,816,277
Time deposits	95,113,956	50,976,883
	100,862,859	52,793,160
Balances with related parties		
Halk Varlık Yönetimi A.Ş. lease certificate issuance (Note 23)	827,864,890	747,962,082
Short-term loans received from Halk Bank	140,330,299	108,147,368
Long-term loans received from Halk Bank	10,649,767	22,928,788
Halk Leasing financial lease agreement (Note 23)	69,788,671	127,871,426
	1,048,633,627	1,006,909,664

# NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 4. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (cont'd)

2	1	N/L	0 **	٦h	20	122
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	Receivables Short-term		Payables				Prepaid Expenses
			Sho	rt-term	Long-term		Short-term
Balances with related parties	Trade	Non-trade	Trade	Non-trade	Trade	Non-trade	Trade
Shareholders							
Halkbank A.Ş.	60	-	-	140,330,299	85,000,000	9,791,754	-
Other companies controlled by the main shareholder							
Halk Leasing Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.(*)	-	-	-	68,975,954	-	812,717	-
Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	442,500	-	-	-	-	-	-
Halk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	-	-	-	827,864,890	-	-	-
	442,560		-	1,037,171,143	85,000,000	10,604,471	-

#### 31 March 2021

						Prepaid
Receivables Short-term		Payables				Expenses
		Short-term		Long-term		Short-term
Trade	Non-trade	Trade	Non-trade	Trade	Non-trade	Trade
60	-	10,021	113,177,368	85,000,000	22,928,788	-
-	-	-	57,063,382	-	70,808,044	561,536
<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	747,962,082			
60	-	10,021	918,202,832	85,000,000	93,736,832	561,536
	Short-Trade  60	Short-term           Trade         Non-trade           60         -           -         -           -         -	Short-term         Short-term           Trade         Non-trade         Trade           60         -         10,021           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -	Short-term         Short-term           Trade         Non-trade         Trade         Non-trade           60         -         10,021         113,177,368           -         -         -         57,063,382           -         -         -         747,962,082	Short-term         Short-term         Long-t           Trade         Non-trade         Trade         Non-trade         Trade           60         -         10,021         113,177,368         85,000,000           -         -         -         57,063,382         -           -         -         747,962,082         -	Short-term         Short-term         Long-term           Trade         Non-trade         Trade         Non-trade         Trade         Non-trade           60         -         10,021         113,177,368         85,000,000         22,928,788           -         -         -         57,063,382         -         70,808,044           -         -         747,962,082         -         -

<sup>(\*)</sup> The Company signed a contract with Buga Otis Asansör Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. concerning the purchase of the vertical procurement works (lift and escalator) services of Halk Office Towers, which will be built within the scope of the Istanbul International Financial Center project and for the financing of the aforementioned service purchase, the Company also signed a finance lease contract with Halk Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. Assets acquired through finance leases are recognized under investment properties and borrowing cost amounting to TL 11,732,140 have been capitalized due to the principal payment of TL 164,978,002 in 2022 (31 March 2021: borrowing cost of TL 3,936,165).

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 4. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (cont'd)

Transactions with related parties	Interest income	Interest expenses	Foreign currency difference expense	Rent income	Other expenses	Financial Expense / Income Capitalized on Investment Properties (Net)
<u>Shareholders</u>		`				
Halkbank A.Ş.	(1,476,512)	(4,866,260)	-	(12,756,668)	-	(9,366,920)
Other companies controlled by the main	shareholder					
Halk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	-	33,117,155	-	-	-	33,117,155
Halk Leasing Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.	-	1,052,729	10,679,411	-	-	11,732,140
Halk Yatırım Menkul Değ.A.Ş.	-	-	-	-	375,000	375,000
	(1,476,512)	39,036,144	10,679,411	(12,756,668)	375,000	35,857,375
			1 January - 3	1 March 2021		Financial Expense
						Financial Expense
						/ Income
	Interest		Foreign currency		Other	Capitalized on
Transactions with related parties	Interest income	Interest expenses	difference expense	Rent income	Other expenses	Capitalized on
Transactions with related parties		Interest expenses	difference			Capitalized on Investment
Transactions with related parties  Shareholders Halkbank A.Ş.		Interest expenses 2,932,947	difference			Capitalized on Investment
<u>Shareholders</u>	income (447,377)		difference	Rent income	expenses	Capitalized on Investment Properties (Net)
Shareholders Halkbank A.Ş.	income (447,377)		difference	Rent income	expenses	Capitalized on Investment Properties (Net)
Shareholders Halkbank A.Ş.  Other companies controlled by the main	income (447,377)	2,932,947	difference	Rent income	expenses	Capitalized on Investment Properties (Net) (2,203,674)
Shareholders Halkbank A.Ş.  Other companies controlled by the main Halk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	income (447,377)	2,932,947	difference	Rent income (11,016,637)	expenses	Capitalized on Investment Properties (Net) (2,203,674)
Shareholders Halkbank A.Ş.  Other companies controlled by the main Halk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik A.Ş.	income (447,377)	2,932,947 12,196,315	difference expense - -	Rent income (11,016,637)	expenses	Capitalized on Investment Properties (Net)  (2,203,674)  (12,196,315)

# **Compensation of key management personnel:**

The Company's key management personnel comprises members of Board of Directors and members of Execution Committee, General Manager and Deputy General Manager. Compensation of key management personnel comprises salaries, premium, healthcare insurance and transportation. The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the period is as follows:

	1 January-	1 January-
	31 March	31 March
	2022	2021
Salaries and other short-term benefits	1,028,115	2,071,198
	1,028,115	2,071,198

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 5. TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

#### a) Trade Receivables:

The details of the Company's trade receivables as of balance sheet date are as follows:

Short-term trade receivables	31 March 2022	31 December 2021
Trade receivables	2,146,808	1,884,457
Trade receivables from related parties (Note 4)	60	60
Income accruals	1,410,383	-
Provision for doubtful receivables (-)	(21,428)	(73,379)
	3,535,823	1,811,138

The short-term trade receivables of the Company arising from the residences sold and leased under the projects developed are as follows:

Short-term trade receivables from sale of residences and rental properties	31 March 2022	31 December 2021
Sale of residences	865,460	1,316,913
Bizimtepe Aydos projesi	858,915	1,310,368
Erzurum Şehristan projesi	6,545	6,545
Rental and sold investment properties (*)	1,281,408	567,604
	2,146,868	1,884,517

<sup>(\*)</sup> It consists of trade receivebles secured by guarantee letters of lease receivables.

As of 31 March 2022, the total of overdue trade receivables (notes) is TL 38,222 (31 December 2021: TL 139,624).

	31 March	31 December	
Long-term trade receivables	2022	2021	
Trade receivables (*)	137,811	252,234	
Provision for doubtful receivables (-)	(31,240)	(7,254)	
	106,571	244,980	

#### (\*) Consists of provisions for losses expected within the scope of TFRS 9.

	1 January- 31 March	1 January- 31 March
Movement of allowance for doubtful receivables	2022	2021
Opening balance	(80,633)	(91,040)
Provisions released	27,965	10,407
Closing balance	(52,668)	(80,633)

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 5. TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (cont'd)

Explanations about the nature and level of risks related to trade receivables are provided in Note 23.

# b) Trade Payables:

The details of the Company's trade payables as of balance sheet date are as follows:

	31 March	31 December
Short-term trade payables	2022	2021
Trade payables	120,855,686	51,588,536
Trade payables to related parties (Note 4)		10,021
	120,855,686	51,598,557

The details of the Company's long-term trade payables as of the balance sheet date are as follows:

	31 March	31 December
Long-term trade payables	2022	2021
Trade payables to related parties (Note 4)	85,000,000	_
	85,000,000	

Explanations about the nature and level of risks related to trade payables are provided in Note 4.

# 6. INVENTORIES

	31 December 2021			Transfer to	31 March 2022
Land stocks	Cost value	Addition	Disposal	Fixed Asset	Cost value
Sancaktepe - Residence Project (3)	1,731,294	-	-	-	1,731,294
İzmir Project (5)	90,101,802	45,936,318	-	-	136,038,120
Sakarya Adapazarı Project (6)	85,000,000	-	-	-	85,000,000
Total	176,833,096	45,936,318	-	-	222,769,414
I and atacks	31 December 2020			Transfer to	31 March 2021

Land stocks	31 December 2020			Transfer to	31 March 2021
Eurid Stocks	Cost value	Addition	Disposal	Fixed Asset	Cost value
İstanbul Bakırköy Arsası -					
Referans Bakırköy Residence Project (1)	96,507	-	-	-	96,507
Sancaktepe - Residence Project (3)	2,245,932	-	-	-	2,245,932
Erzurum - Şehristan Project (4)	312,601	-	-	-	312,601
İzmir Project (5)	15,523,811	3,912,624	-	-	19,436,435
	18,178,851	3,912,624	-	-	22,091,475

# NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 6. INVENTORIES (cont'd)

- (3) As at 16 October 2014, a land was purchased in Istanbul, Sancaktepe, Samandıra Mahallesi for TL 110,000,000 by Halk GYO-Vakıf GYO Joint Operation for real estate development project. The main contractor services agreement was signed at 22 October 2015 and the construction permit was granted on 6 November 2015. The Company issued property deeds on 8 February 2019. As of 31.03.2022, no independent section sales were realized among the inventories. As for investment properties, 5 independent sections have been exited, resulting in sales revenue of TL 3,538,983 and cost of sales of TL 2,295,000. The cost of sales includes taxes, duties and fees. (As of 31 December 2021, the delivery of 15 independent sections of the project has been completed. Total sales amount of TL 8,628,831 and TL 2,926,002 have been accounted for as cost of sales. The cost of sales includes taxes, duties and fees. In addition, 1 independent section was classified from inventories to investment properties during the period, and 3 independent sections were eliminated from inventories and accounted as cost of sales. Cost of sales includes taxes, duties and fees.)
- (5) As of 24 August 2017, Halk GYO and Teknik Yapı Joint Operation signed a LSRSA contract for a mixed project on the parcels located in İzmir, Konak Province, Umurbey and Kuruçay districts and this amount comprise of the official expenses made for the project. There is no restriction on the land stock. In the scope of the 1<sup>st</sup> Phase LSRSA contract (Evora İzmir), the building licenses for 486 residences located on Lot no. 8115, Parcel no. 3 (Formerly Lot no. 7700, Parcel no. 1), building licenses for 58 commercial units (Former 451 residences, 1 hotel, 1 cultural center) and 534 residences located on Lot no. 8110, Parcel no 1 (Former Lot no. 7698, Parcel no 1), the building licenses of 38 commercial units, 79 apart hotels (Former 497 residences, 35 commercial, 45 apart hotels, 1 hotel, 3 art galleries) were updated on 11 April 2022. As of 11 April 2022, the total number of independent units, licences of which are received, is 1,195 (The number of previous independent units with licenses is 1,034). As of 11 April 2022, a preliminary sales contract was signed for 511 independent units. As of 31 March 2022, 511 independent section sales contracts were signed (31 December 2021: 487 independent section sales contracts were signed).
- (LSRSA) and as a consequence signed a contract with a firm on 17 February 2012. The projected land cost of the Company is TL 31,765,625. The Group received its first building license on 31 May 2012. There are 254 and 73 commercial units in the Referans Bakırköy project. The Company issued condominium deeds on 29 April 2015. In 2017, the Company realized sharing in-kind and while 27 independent units left to the contractor, 9 independent units remained in the Company. Within the period of 31 December 2021, 1 house sales revenue amounting to TL 808,000 and cost of sales amounting to TL 96,507 have been recognized (31 December 2020: transfer of 1 deeds, revenue in the amount of TL 357,000 and cost of sales relating to these sales amounting to TL 225,272. Cost of sales includes taxes, duties and charges). There is no restriction on the land stock. As of the period, all independent sections in the project have been sold.
- (2). The Company and Haldız İnşaat Otomotiv ve Ticaret A.Ş., Faver Proje Gelişim İnşaat Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş., and the Company's Parent Bank to which Haldız İnşaat Otomotiv ve Ticaret A.Ş. is owed, have been signed a "Cooperation Protocol" to develop a project on a 59,314,46 m2 land with a surface area of 59,314.46 m2, located in Sakarya Province, Adapazarı District, Tepekum Mh, Lot no. 4932, Parcel no and sheet number G24B24B4D. According to the agreement, 65% of the revenue to be obtained from this project is owned by Haldız İnşaat Otomotiv ve Ticaret A.Ş. (contractor), 30% by Haldız İnşaat Otomotiv ve Ticaret A.Ş., and 5% by the parent Bank. The Company's share will be (the expected minimum revenue share of the Company is 30 million TL). The Company included the land in its portfolio on 30 December 2021. In addition, a revenue sharing contract was signed on 14.01.2022 within the scope of this protocol. The planning of the project is ongoing.
- <sup>(4)</sup> On 1 April 2016, a land was purchased in Erzurum, Yakutiye, Gez Mahallesi for TL 17,500,000 by Halk GYO-Er Konut Joint Operation for real estate development project. A contract was signed with the main contractor company on 31 May 2016. A building license was obtained on 10 May 2016. The Company issued condominium deeds on 30 January 2019. During the period of 31 March 2021, no house sales revenue was realized. (31 December 2020: Delivery of detached sections, TL 6,687,943 and TL 3,915,126 are accounted for as cost of sales.) There is no restriction on the land stock.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

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# 7. PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEFERRED INCOME

	31 March	31 December
Short-Term Prepaid Expenses	2022	2021
Prepaid insurance expenses	1,149,936	734,112
Tropard histariace expenses	1,149,936	734,112
		<u> </u>
	31 Mart	31 Aralık
Uzun Vadeli Peşin Ödenmiş Giderler	2022	2021
Verilen yatırım avansları	73.748.543	83.313.184
Diğer	63.793	156.705
	73.812.336	83.469.889
	31 March	31 December
Investment Advances Given	2022	2021
İstanbul Finance Center project İzmir Evora project	73,082,110 666,433	80,656,680 2,656,504
Izilii Evota project	73,748,543	83,313,184
	73,746,343	65,515,164
	31 March	31 December
Deferred Residence Sales Income	2021	2020
İzmir Evora project	117,935,339	59,808,222
Bizimtepe Aydos project	132,648	809,031
Erzurum Şehristan project	244,476	421,091
Bakırköy project	768	768
Eskişehir Odunpazarı project	<del>-</del>	12,212
	118,313,231	61,051,324
LIABILITIES ARISING FROM CUSTOMER CON	TRACTS	
LIABILITIES ARISING FROM COSTOMER CON	31 March	31 December
Deferred Residence Sales Income	2021	2020
i · ·	117.025.220	50 909 222
İzmir Evora project	117,935,338	59,808,222
Bizimtepe Aydos project Erzurum Şehristan project	132,648 244,477	809,031 421,091
Bakırköy project	768	768
Dakitkoy project	118,313,231	61,051,324
	110,515,251	01,031,324

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 9. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

#### Fair value measurement of the Company's investment properties

As of 31 December 2021, the fair value of the Company's investment properties have been determined by Net Kurumsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş. which is an appraisal firm not related to Company. Net Kurumsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş is authorized by CMB and has appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of properties in the relevant locations. The fair value of the properties owned is determined according to the sample comparison approach and cost value that reflects the current transaction prices for similar properties.

Details of the Company's investment properties and information about the fair value hierarchy as of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021 are as follows:

	Fair value as of the reporting date			ting date
	31 March	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	2022	TL	TL	TL
Land	52,000,000	_	52,000,000	-
Buildings	1,659,667,500	-	997,667,500	662,000,000
Investment properties under development	2,430,590,000		36,500,000	2,394,090,000
	4,142,257,500		1,086,167,500	3,056,090,000
	Fair value as of the reporting date			
	31 December	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	2021	TL	TL	TL
Land	42,070,000	-	42,070,000	-
Buildings	1,407,517,500	-	732,147,500	675,370,000
Investment properties under development	1,810,440,000		30,440,000	1,780,000,000
	3,260,027,500		804,657,500	2,455,370,000

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 in the current year.

As of 31 March 2022, the total amount of insurance on investment properties is TL 2,197,831,869 (31 December 2021: TL 1,979,338,238). As of 31 March 2022, the total amount of capitalized finance cost on investment properties is TL 299,231,639 (31 December 2021: TL 253,607,419).

# NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 9. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (cont'd)

	31 December 2020				Fair value	31 December 2021
Investment properties	Fair value	Addition	Disposal	Transfer	difference	Fair value
İstanbul Salıpazarı Land	9,120,000	-	-	-	880,000	10,000,000
Erzurum Yakutiye Land	10,350,000	-	-	-	1,650,000	12,000,000
İstanbul Beyoğlu Land	-			35,000,000	(5,000,000)	30,000,000
Erzurum Palandöken Lands	12,600,000	-	(12,600,000)	-	-	-
Sakarya Adapazarı Land	10,000,000	-	(10,000,000)	-	-	-
Total lands	42,070,000	-	(22,600,000)	-	(2,470,000)	52,000,000
İstanbul Karaköy Building	45,000,000	-	-	-	6,000,000	51,000,000
İstanbul Salıpazarı Building	100,000,000	-	-	-	17,000,000	117,000,000
İzmir Konak Building-1	38,500,000	-	-	-	9,500,000	48,000,000
Ankara Kızılay Building	25,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000	30,000,000
İstanbul Beyoğlu Building	35,000,000	-	-	(35,000,000)	-	-
İstanbul Beşiktaş Building	25,750,000	-	_	_	5,250,000	31,000,000
İstanbul Etiler Building	26,500,000	-	_	_	5,500,000	32,000,000
İstanbul Şişli Building	22,500,000	604,630	_	_	4,895,370	28,000,000
İzmir Konak Building-2	21,000,000	-	_	_	6,500,000	27,500,000
Ankara Başkent Building	15,170,000	-	_	_	3,430,000	18,600,000
İstanbul Bakırköy Building	31,000,000	_	_	_	6,000,000	37,000,000
Bursa Building	19,250,000	_	_	_	4,150,000	23,400,000
Ankara Bahçelievler Building 1	13,000,000	_	_	_	2,900,000	15,900,000
Kocaeli Building	16,000,000	_	_	_	3,500,000	19,500,000
İstanbul Fatih Building	16,750,000	_	_	_	3,750,000	20,500,000
Ankara Bahçelievler Building-2	9,400,000	_	_	_	1,850,000	11,250,000
İstanbul Ataköy Building	16,750,000		_		3,500,000	20,250,000
İstanbul Caddebostan Building	· · ·		_	30,678,939	5,821,061	36,500,000
İstanbul Nişantaşı Building	12,500,000	-	-	30,078,939	2,500,000	15,000,000
Halkbank Finance Tower	349,655,000	-	-	-	86,845,000	436,500,000
Levent Hotel	286,200,000	14,066,360	-	-	49,733,640	350,000,000
Kocaeli Şekerpınar A Block	171,000,000	14,000,300	-	-	24,000,000	195,000,000
Kocaeli Şekerpınar Office Project	103,000,000	-	-	-		115,000,000
Sakary a Adapazarı Building (New Building)	103,000,000	10 200 000	-	-	12,000,000	12,550,000
	2,615,000	10,200,000	(2.615.000)	-	2,350,000	12,550,000
Bizimtepe Aydos T 1-2-3 No BB Nursery Bizimtepe Aydos T 17-18-19-20-21-22 No	2,013,000	-	(2,615,000)	-	-	-
BB Market	1,840,000	-	(1,840,000)	-	-	-
Bizimtepe Aydos T 13 No BB Nuts Shop	245,000	-	_	_	37,500	282,500
Bizimtepe Aydos T 16 No BB Hairdresser	380,000	-	_	_	30,000	410,000
Bizimtepe Aydos T 26 No BB Real Estate Agency	327,500	_	_	_	82,500	410,000
Bizimtepe Aydos T 25 No BB Pharmacy	327,500	_	_	_	82,500	410,000
Bizimtepe Aydos T 15 No BB	-	68,943	_	_	193,557	262,500
Bizimtepe Aydos T 23-24 No BB Real Estate Agenc	1,060,000	-	_	_	255,000	1,315,000
Bizimtepe Aydos T 39-40-41-42-43-44 No BB					200,000	
Gift Shop	797,500	-	(135,000)	-	102,500	765,000
Bizimtepe Aydos T 27-28 No BB Real Estate Agenc	255,000	-	(255,000)	-	-	-
Bizimtepe Aydos T 14 No BB Real Estate Agency 16	245,000	-	-	-	37,500	282,500
Bizimtepe Aydos T 29-30-31-32 No BB Real						<b>500.000</b>
Estate Agency	500,000	24 020 022	(4 945 000)	(4 221 061)	80,000	580,000
Total buildings	1,407,517,500	24,939,933	(4,845,000)	(4,321,061)	272,876,128	1,696,167,500
İstanbul International Finance Center Project	1,780,000,000	510,747,782	-	-	103,342,218	2,394,090,000
İstanbul Caddebostan Building Project	30,440,000	238,939	_	(30,678,939)	-	-
Total investment properties	,,			(,		
under development	1,810,440,000	510,986,721	-	(30,678,939)	103,342,218	2,394,090,000
Total	3,260,027,500	535,926,654	(27,445,000)	(35,000,000)	373,748,346	4,142,257,500

# NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 9. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (cont'd)

								Direct operating/ maintenance		Direct operating/ maintenance
Investment Properties	Acquisiton Date	Acquisition Amount	Appraisal Method	Appraisal Date	Appraisal Value	Lessee/Lessor	Rent Income	expenses	Rent Income	expenses
İstanbul Salıpazan Land	26 January 2018		Comparable Sales Approach	29 November 2021	10,000,000	=	-	64,072	-	62,012
Erzurum Yakutiye Land 1	30 September 2019		Comparable Sales Approach	30 November 2021	12,000,000	=	-	17,398	-	16,721
İstanbul Beyoğlu Land 4	28 October 2010		Comparable Sales Approach	15 December 2021	30,000,000	-	-	-	-	=
Total lands		25,640,343			52,000,000	=	-	88,887	-	114,398
Ankara Bahçelievler Building 1	28 October 2010	6,681,356	Comparable Sales Approach	30 November 2021	15,900,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	987,344	20,441	970,205	19,178
Ankara Bahçelievler Building 2	28 October 2010	5,684,746	Comparable Sales Approach	30 November 2021	11,250,000	İpekyol Giyim Sanayi Pazarlama ve Ticaret A.Ş.	421,970	6,121	567,587	5,494
Ankara Başkent Building	28 October 2010	9,541,729	Revenue Discount Method	29 November 2021	18,600,000	Ceda Akaryakıt İnş. Emlak Tur. Ltd Şti, Halkbank A.Ş.	1,495,071	45,038	1,458,985	28,497
Ankara Kızılay Building	28 October 2010	12,475,237	Comparable Sales Approach	3 December 2021	30,000,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	1,912,979	69,753	1,851,863	41,225
Ataşehir Finans Tower	12 January 2012	126,548,795	Comparable Sales Approach	16 December 2021	436,500,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	20,103,000	550,903	18,249,000	3,163,659
Bursa Building	28 October 2010	8,500,000	Comparable Sales Approach	1 December 2021	23,400,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	1,481,016	29,148	1,313,486	25,982
İstanbul Ataköy Building	28 October 2010	5,061,500	Comparable Sales Approach	30 November 2021	20,250,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	1,172,471	58,283	1,088,208	18,137
İstanbul Bakırköy Building	28 October 2010	9,023,500	Comparable Sales Approach	30 November 2021	37,000,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	2,098,106	48,229	1,940,046	20,432
İstanbul Beşiktaş Building	27 October 2010	11,893,840	Comparable Sales Approach	30 November 2021	31,000,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	1,789,561	24,724	1,149,614	23,617
İstanbul Etiler Building	27 October 2010	11,000,000	Comparable Sales Approach	30 November 2021	32,000,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	1,493,358	41,225	1,376,578	53,743
İstanbul Fatih Building	28 October 2010	6,380,000	Comparable Sales Approach	30 November 2021	20,500,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	999,686	91,680	889,294	36,435
İstanbul Karaköy Building 5	2 November 2010	23,500,000	Comparable Sales Approach	8 November 2021	51,000,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	-	61,887	-	58,403
İstanbul Salıpazarı Building	28 October 2010	38,050,960	Revenue Discount Method	10 December 2021	117,000,000	Sapaz Otelcilik Turizm İnşaat Sanayi Ve Ticaret A.Ş.	4,944,577	397,778	4,111,400	380,172
İstanbul Şişli Building	2 November 2010	11,000,000	Comparable Sales Approach	1 December 2021	28,000,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	1,518,041	85,492	1,366,032	42,709
İzmir Konak Building-l	2 November 2010	13,400,000	Comparable Sales Approach	1 December 2021	48,000,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	981,447	81,578	1,820,396	60,465
İzmir Konak Building-2	2 November 2010	10,290,000	Comparable Sales Approach	2 December 2021	27,500,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş., Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ	728,960	473,694	1,189,623	119,175
Kocaeli Building	28 October 2010	6,519,193	Comparable Sales Approach	29 November 2021	19,500,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	1,234,180	19,582	1,218,211	17,251
Kocaeli Şekerpınar Block A	11 September 2012	67,860,443	Revenue Discount Method	23 December 2021	195,000,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	9,746,158	333,956	8,617,147	320,488
Kocaeli Şekerpınar Block9 B	11 September 2012	39,830,221	Revenue Discount Method	23 December 2021	115,000,000	-	-	615,579	-	488,778
Levent Otel Project21	3 November 2010	91,186,481	Revenue Discount Method	3 December 2021	350,000,000	Caba İnşaat Enerji Tur. San. ve Tic. AŞ	3,729,878	956,439	11,241,560	183,955
Sakarya Adapazan Building-23	15 January 2021	10,200,000	Comparable Sales Approach	3 December 2021	12,550,000	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	426,097	18,272	-	-
İstanbul Caddebostan Building 21	3 November 2010	6,300,000	Comparable Sales Approach	1 December 2021	36,500,000	-	-	33,659	-	-
Bizimtepe Aydos T 13 No BB 9	23 May 2019	103,601	Comparable Sales Approach	30 December 2021	282,500	Gerçek Kişi	7,106	389	11,469	412
Bizimtepe Aydos T 14 No BB Real Estate 16	10 April 2019	106,997	Comparable Sales Approach	30 December 2021	410,000	Demirbey İnşaat Tic.ltd.Şti.	15,560	501	13,218	505
Bizimtepe Aydos T 15 No BB 20	27 August 2021	135,420	Comparable Sales Approach	30 December 2021	410,000	Arge Emlak ve Emlak Yönetimi A.Ş.22,Gerçek Kişi	17,000	510	14,700	529
Bizimtepe Aydos T 16 No BB 10	10 June 2019	134,490	Comparable Sales Approach	30 December 2021	410,000	Gerçek Kişi	19,080	508	17,092	529
Bizimtepe Aydos T 29-30-31-32 No BB 17	27 April 2019	323,378	Comparable Sales Approach	30 December 2021	1,315,000	Arge Emlak ve Emlak Yönetimi A.Ş.22, Migros Ticaret A.Ş.	52,066	2,044	51,483	1,402
Bizimtepe Aydos T 39-40-41-42-43-44 Nolu BB 14	22 November 2019	288,565	Comparable Sales Approach	30 December 2021	765,000	Meşgalem Hediye San. A.Ş.,Yağmuroğlu Plastik San.ve Tic.Ltd.Şti.	10,180	1,315	27,040	1,418
Total buildings		552,663,421			1,695,042,500		58,599,248	4,158,096	61,841,141	5,217,700
İstanbul Finance Center Project	28 October 2010	229,846,920	Cost Method	23 December 2021	2,666,955,728		=	=	=	-
Total investment properties under development		229,846,920			2,666,955,728	-	-	-	-	=
Total		808,150,684			4,413,998,228		58,599,248	4,246,983	61,841,141	5,332,098

# NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 9. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (cont'd)

- 1- Erzurum Yakutiye Land was transferred to Halk GYO A.Ş. from Er Konut İnş. Taah. İnşaat Mlz. Transportation and Mad. Tic..San. on 30.09.2019.
- 2- Erzurum Palandöken Lands were transferred to Er Konut İnş. Taah. İnşaat. Mlz. Transportation and Mad. Tic. San. A.Ş. on 28.05.2021
- 3- At the end of the process of determining the Sakarya Adapazarı Building as a risky structure, the building was demolished and converted into land and classified as land in the financial statements. In response to the inclusion of the land "Sakarya Adapazarı Building-2" in the portfolio, it was transferred to Adapazarı Municipality on 15.01.2021 in clearing procedure.
- 4- The lease agreement of Istanbul Beyoğlu Building with T. Halk Bankası AŞ has expired as of 15.02.2020. A lease agreement including the renewal of the building was signed with Taksim Investment Gayrimenkul AŞ on 22.10.2020. The building was demolished to be reconstructed and was registered in the land registry as "Land" on 02.12.2021. After obtaining the necessary construction permits for the reconstruction of the building, rental income will begin to be obtained 20 months later.
- 5- Istanbul Karaköy Building lease agreement has expired as of 23 October 2017. Halk Bankası A.Ş. A new lease agreement was signed with After the restoration of the building by the Tenant in 2022, rental income will begin to be obtained.
- 6- Marketing activities are continuing for Kocaeli Sekerpınar B Block Building.
- 7- Bizimtepe Aydos T Blok Independent Sections (Nursery) No. 01,02,03 were leased to Near Ufuklar Educational Institutions A.Ş. on 10.04.2019, while the relevant independent sections were transferred to Aydın Aydın Copyright Marka Patent Ltd. Şti. on 30.12.2021.
- 8- Bizimtepe Aydos Ticaret Blok No. 17,18,19,20,21,22 Independent Sections (Market) were leased to Mopaş Marketcılık Gıda San ve Tic A.Ş. on 16.04.2019, while the related independent sections were sold to Real Person on 29.09.2021.
- 9- The lease agreement with the Real Person tenant of Bizimtepe Aydos Ticaret Blok No. 13 Independent Section has expired as of 30.04.2021, and a new lease agreement was signed with Nefes Global Ins.Dan.Hizm.San.Tic.Ltd.Şti. on 15.09.2021. As of 15.10.2021, rental income will begin to be obtained.
- 10- The lease agreement made with the Real Person tenant of Bizimtepe Aydos Ticaret Blok No.16 Independent Section has expired on 31.08.2021. A new lease agreement has been signed with Demirbey İnşaat Tic.ltd.Şti., effective as of 01.09.2021.
- 11-Arge Emlak ve Emlak Yönetim A.Ş., the tenant of Bizimtepe Aydos Ticaret Blok No. 26 Independent Section. The lease agreement with the Company has expired as of 28.02.2021. While the vacant independent section was leased to a Real Person as of 01.05.2021, it has been transferred to a Real Person on 16.03.2022.
- 12- While Bizimtepe Aydos Ticaret Blok No. 25 Independent Section was leased to a Real Person on 01.10.2019, it was transferred to a Real Person on 17.03.2022
- 13- Bizimtepe Aydos Ticaret Blok No. 23.24 The Lease Agreement signed with Arge Emlak ve Emlak Yönetim AŞ for the Independent Sections expired on 30.11.2021, while the related independent sections were leased with Migros Ticaret A.Ş. and transferred to İmpo İmar A.Ş. on 21.03.2022
- 14- The lease agreement made with Mesgalem Hediye Sanayi A.Ş., tenant of Bizimtepe Aydos Ticaret Blok No. 39,40,41,42,43,44 Independent Sections, expired on 12.03.2021. A new lease agreement was signed on 01.10.2021 for the Independent Sections of Bizimtepe Aydos Ticaret Blok 42,43,44 and the Independent Section No. 40 was transferred to a Real Person on 18.03.2022.
- 15- The lease agreement made with Arge Emlak ve Emlak Yönetim A.Ş., tenant of Bizimtepe Aydos Ticaret Blok No. 27.28 Independent Sections, has expired as of 31.01.2021. Related independent sections were transferred to Real Person on 10.12.2021 and 20.12.2021.
- 16- The lease agreement with Habitad Gayrimenkul İnş.Eml.Eğit. Danış. ve Paz. Tic. A.Ş., the tenant of Bizimtepe Aydos Ticaret Blok No. 14 Independent Section, expired on 31.01.2021 and the independent sections were leased to Real Person as of 01.02.2021.
- 17- The lease agreement made with Arge Emlak ve Emlak Yönetim A.Ş., the tenant of Bizimtepe Aydos Ticaret Blok No. 29,30,31,32 Independent Sections, expired on 31.01.2021.
- 18- The lease agreement with Dedeman Turizm Yönetim A.Ş. for the Levent Hotel Building was terminated as of 31 December 2020 and a lease agreement was signed with Caba İnşaat Enerji Tur. San. ve Tic. A.Ş. to start in 2021. The renovation process of the building ended on 01.10.2021 and rental income began to be obtained.
- 19- Tenant Akatlı Company Gayrimenkul İnş San ve Dış Tic Ltd Şti changed its title and started to use the title of Arge Emlak ve Emlak Yönetim A.Ş.
- 20- Bizimtepe Aydos Trade Block No. 15 Independent Sections were leased to Demirbey İnşaat Tic.ltd.Şti. on 01.09.2021.
- 21- Following the completion of the Caddebostan Urban Transformation Project and the receipt of the condominium title deeds of the building on 08.07.2021, the related project has been classified as a building as of this date. Marketing activities of the building continue.

#### **Operating leases**

#### The Company as lessor

The Company has signed operating leases with Halkbank, Ceda Akaryakıt Turizm, Sapaz Otelcilik Turizm, Caba İnşaat Otelcilik, İpekyol Giyim, Yakın Ufaklar Eğitim, Mopaş Marketçilik, Akatlı Group and 4 real people. As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, annual minimum lease amounts concerning the remaining lease terms are as follows:

	31 March	31 December
Operating leases	2022	2021
Less than 1 year	69,865,544	52,366,961
Between 1 and 5 years	227,943,482	205,959,191
More than 5 years	242,228,386	241,762,696
	540,037,412	500,088,848

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Cost Value	Furniture and	Leashold	Right-of use	
	fixture	improvements	assets (*)	Total
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	4,087,697	5,725,472	3,642,390	13,455,559
Additions	1,340,534	<u>-</u>	438,011	1,778,545
Closing balance as of 31 March 2021	5,428,231	5,725,472	4,080,401	15,234,104
Accumulated Depreciation				
Opening balance as of 1 January 2022	1,967,787	5,223,987	2,346,074	9,537,848
Charge for the period	161,507	500,344	277,869	939,720
Disposals				
Closing balance as of 31 March 2022	2,129,294	5,724,331	2,623,943	10,477,568
Net carrying value as of 31 March 2022	3,298,937	1,141	1,456,458	4,756,536
Cost Value	Furniture and	Leashold	Right-of use	
	fixture	improvements	assets (*)	Total
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	2,536,371	5,724,534	2,531,968	10,792,873
Additions	41,069	<u>-</u>	340,716	381,785
Closing balance as of 31 March 2021	2,577,440	5,724,534	2,872,684	11,174,658
Accumulated Depreciation				
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	(1,553,436)	(3,616,020)	(1,537,195)	(6,706,651)
Charge for the period	(79,866)	(546,517)	(243,249)	(869,632)
Closing balance as of 31 March 2021	(1,633,302)	(4,162,537)	(1,780,444)	(7,576,283)
Net carrying value as of 31 March 2021	944,138	1,561,997	1,092,240	3,598,375

<sup>(\*)</sup> Assets arising from operating leases consist of assets that the Company uses within the scope of building and vehicle lease contract.

The following useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

	Useful Life
Furniture and fixtures	5 years
Leasehold improvements	3 years
Right-of-use assets	3 years

Depreciation expenses of TL 615,894 (31 March 2021: TL 570,956) have been charged in marketing expenses and TL 335,721 (31 March 2021: TL 298,676) have been charged in general administrative expenses.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Cost Value	Other Intangible Assets
Opening balance as of 1 January 2022	1,615,024
Additions	36,017
Closing balance as of 31 March 2022	1,651,041
Accumulated Amortization	_
Opening balance as of 1 January 2022	845,129
Charge for the period	25,464
Closing balance as of 31 March 2022	870,593
Net carrying value as of 31 March 2022	780,448
Cost Value	Other Intangible Assets
Cost Value Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	Other Intangible Assets 1,120,963
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	1,120,963
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Additions	1,120,963 12,502
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Additions	1,120,963 12,502
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Additions Closing balance as of 31 March 2021	1,120,963 12,502
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Additions Closing balance as of 31 March 2021 Accumulated Amortization	1,120,963 12,502 1,133,465
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Additions Closing balance as of 31 March 2021  Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	1,120,963 12,502 1,133,465 (770,292)
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Additions Closing balance as of 31 March 2021  Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Charge for the period	1,120,963 12,502 1,133,465 (770,292) (18,239)

Amortization expenses of TL 25,464 (30 March 2021: TL 18,239) have been charged in general administrative expenses.

The following useful lives are used in the calculation of amortization:

Useful Life 2-10 years

Other intangible assets

#### 12. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

a) Provisions

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Company has no provision for lawsuits.

b) Collateral, Pledge and Mortgage

As per the decision of the CMB, made in the meeting no. 28/780, dated 9 September 2009, in which the collateral-pledge-mortgages ("CPM") given by publicly owned companies to the guarantee a third party's debts;

For companies other than publicly owned investment trusts and financial institutions, no limitation is imposed;

- i) For their own corporate identities
- ii) In favour of fully consolidated subsidiaries
- iii) In favour of 3rd parties in the normal course of their operations.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 12. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

b) Collateral, Pledge and Mortgage (cont'd)

After the decision is published at the Public Disclosure Platform, publicly owned companies would not give commitments, except for those given under normal course of their operations, to natural entities or corporations other than mentioned at the bullets (i) and (ii) above or to third parties other than mentioned at the bullet (iii). If any commitment has already been given it would be reduced to nil until 31 December 2014.

The Company has ongoing 1 tax case on behalf of its own legal entity that is opened by the company, and it also has 13 lawsuits against the company comprised of 3 consumer cases, 1 case in enforcement court, 1 negative declaratory action, 5 civil lawsuits, 1 case in civil court of first instance, 1 business case and 1 annulment suit in administrative court. There are 3 cases which has resulted in favor of the company. 1 of these cases is a consumer case, and 2 of them is the case in the enforcement court. All of resulted cases are consumer cases and all enforcement proceedings are related with aforementioned consumer cases.

There is 1 execution file opened and ongoing by Halk GYO-Vakif GYO Ordinary Partnership. In addition, there are 27 consumer lawsuits, 2 lawsuits in magistrates' courts, 1 enforcement proceeding file and 1 enforcement law court file against Halk GYO-Vakif GYO Joint Venture. In addition, there are 1 magistrate court case and 1 consumer arbitration board application that has been concluded in favor of Halk GYO-Vakif GYO Joint Venture. As a result of the evaluations of the lawyers regarding the relevant cases, no provision has been made for the lawsuit.

There is no consumer lawsuit filed by Halk GYO-Er Housing Joint Venture. In addition to, there is 1 consumer lawsuit initiated and ongoing against Joint Venture, which is heard in the civil court of first instance. As a result of the evaluations of the lawyers regarding the relevant cases, no provision has been made for the lawsuit.

# NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

1 No'lu Eskişehir İcra Müdürlüğü

Sakarya Elektrik Perakende Satış A.Ş.

# 12. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

# b) Collateral, Pledge and Mortgage (cont'd)

Collateral   195,018,967   194,570,100   150,000,000   1				31 Marc	ch 2022 31	December 2021
Pledge	A. GPMs Given for Company's Own Le	egal Personality		345,	018,967	344,570,109
B. GPMs Given on Behalf of Fully Consolidated Companies    1,239,965,750		-(		195,0	18,967 -	194,570,109 -
1,239,965,750   1,239,767,885   1,239,965,750   1,239,767,885   1,239,767,88		-,	Mortgage	150,00	00,000	150,000,000
Collateral   1,239,965,750   Filedge   File	B. GPMs Given on Behalf of Fully Cons	olidated Companies				
Pledge					•	-
C. GPMs Given in the Normal Course of Business Activities on Behalf of Third Parties    Collateral   235,387,637   237,067,888   -Pledge   -		-(		1,239,90	65,750	-
C. GPMs Given in the Normal Course of Business Activities on Behalf of Third Parties 235,387,637 237,067,888.  - Collateral 235,387,637 237,067,888.  - Pledge 235,387,637 237,067,888.  - Pledge - Amortgage - Collateral Pledge			_		-	-
on Behalf of Third Parties    Collateral   235,387,637   237,067,888   -2016   235,387,637   237,067,888   -2016   235,387,637   237,067,888   -2016   235,387,637   237,067,888   -2016   235,387,637   237,067,888   -2016	C. CDMs Given in the Normal Course of		Morigage		-	-
Collateral   235,387,637   237,067,888   Pledge   -		Dusiness Activities		235	387 637	237 067 888
## Pledge	on Benan of Time Farties	-(	Collateral	•	•	
D. Total Amount of Other GPMs i. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Behalf of the Parent  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  ii. Total amount of GPMs given to on behalf of other Group Companies which are not in scope of B and C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  iii. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  iii. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  Total  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -					-	-
i. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Behalf of the Parent  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  ii. Total amount of GPMs given to on behalf of other Group Companies which are not in scope of B and C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  iii. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  iii. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -Mortgage  Total  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -Mortgage		-,	_		-	-
ii. Total amount of GPMs given to on behalf of other Group Companies which are not in scope of B and C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  iii. Total amount of GPMs given to on behalf of other Group Companies which are not in scope of B and C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  iii. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  Total  A. CGPMs Given for Company's Own Legal Personality  Project GPM Type  31 March 31 Decembe Legal Personality Project GPM Type 2022 202 202 21ller Bankası A.Ş. İstanbul Finance Center Letter of Guarantee 192,907,862 244,899,013 1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	D. Total Amount of Other GPMs				-	-
ii. Total amount of GPMs given to on behalf of other Group Companies which are not in scope of B and C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  iii. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  iii. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -Mortgage  Total  A. CGPMs Given for Company's Own Legal Personality  Project  GPM Type  31 March 31 Decembe Legal Personality  Project  GPM Type  2022  202  Iller Bankası A.Ş. İstanbul Finance Center Letter of Guarantee  192,907,862  244,899,013  Halk Bankası A.Ş.  Halkbank Finance Tower  Mortgage  150,000,000  150,000,000  T.C. İstanbul Büyükşehir Belediyesi Levent Hotel Letter of Guarantee  1,397,158  769,436  T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra Dairesi Halk GYO Letter of Guarantee  163,266  T.C. İstanbul 23. İcra Dairesi Halk GYO Letter of Guarantee  61,076	i. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Be	ehalf of the Parent			-	-
ii. Total amount of GPMs given to on behalf of other Group Companies which are not in scope of B and C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  iii. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -Total  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -Mortgage  -Mortgage  -Mortgage  -Mortgage  -Mortgage  -Mortgage  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -Mortgage  -Mortgage  -Mortgage  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -Mortgage		-(			-	-
ii. Total amount of GPMs given to on behalf of other Group Companies which are not in scope of B and C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  iii. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -			O		-	-
Companies which are not in scope of B and C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  iii. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -Total  A. CGPMs Given for Company's Own Legal Personality Project GPM Type 131 March 1820,372,354 581,637,95  A. CGPMs Given for Company's Own Legal Personality Project GPM Type 2022 202  Iller Bankası A.Ş. İstanbul Finance Center Letter of Guarantee 192,907,862 244,899,013  Halk Bankası A.Ş. Halkbank Finance Tower Mortgage 150,000,000 150,000,000 T.C. İstanbul Büyükşehir Belediyesi Levent Hotel Letter of Guarantee 1,397,158 769,436 T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra Dairesi Halk GYO Letter of Guarantee 61,076	" Total amount of CDMs siver to an		Mortgage		-	-
-Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  iii. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  -Mortg	_	_				
Pledge	Companies which are not in scope of		Collateral		-	_
iii. Total Amount of GPMs Given on Behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  A. CGPMs Given for Company's Own Legal Personality Project GPM Type 192,907,862 Halk Bankası A.Ş. Halkbank Finance Center Halk Bankası A.Ş. Halkbank Finance Tower Halk Bankası A.Ş. Letter of Guarantee 1,397,158 1,5000,000					-	_
which are not in scope of C  -Collateral -Pledge -Mortgage  Total  A. CGPMs Given for Company's Own Legal Personality Project Bankası A.Ş.  Istanbul Finance Center Halk Bankası A.Ş.  Halkbank Finance Tower Halk Bankası A.Ş.  Halkbank Finance Tower Hotel Letter of Guarantee 1,397,158 1,5000,000 1,		-,	U		-	-
Collateral	iii. Total Amount of GPMs Given on E	Behalf of third parties				
Total   -Pledge	which are not in scope of C				-	-
Mortgage         -           A. CGPMs Given for Company's Own Legal Personality         Project         GPM Type         2022         2022           İller Bankası A.Ş.         İstanbul Finance Center         Letter of Guarantee         192,907,862         244,899,013           Halk Bankası A.Ş.         Halkbank Finance Tower         Mortgage         150,000,000         150,000,000           T.C. İstanbul Büyükşehir Belediyesi         Levent Hotel         Letter of Guarantee         1,397,158         769,430           T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra Dairesi         Halk GYO         Letter of Guarantee         163,266         T.C. İstanbul 23. İcra Dairesi         Halk GYO         Letter of Guarantee         61,076         T.C. İstanbul 23. İcra Dairesi         Halk GYO         Letter of Guarantee         61,076         T.C. İstanbul 23. İcra Dairesi         Halk GYO         Letter of Guarantee         61,076         T.C. İstanbul 24. İcra Dairesi         10,000         T.C. İstanbul 25. İcra Dairesi         10,000         T.C. İstanbul 26. İcra Dairesi         10,000         T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra Dairesi         10,000         T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra Dairesi         10,000         T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra Dairesi         10,000         T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra Dairesi         10,000         T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra Dairesi         10,000         T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra Dairesi         10,000         T.C. İstanbul 27		-(			-	-
A. CGPMs Given for Company's Own Legal Personality Project GPM Type 2022 202 iller Bankası A.Ş. İstanbul Finance Center Halk Bankası A.Ş. Halkbank Finance Tower Mortgage 150,000,000 150,000,000 T.C. İstanbul Büyükşehir Belediyesi Levent Hotel Letter of Guarantee 1,397,158 769,430 T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra Dairesi Halk GYO Letter of Guarantee 61,076			O		-	-
A. CGPMs Given for Company's Own Legal Personality Project GPM Type 2022 202  İller Bankası A.Ş. İstanbul Finance Center Halk Bankası A.Ş. Halkbank Finance Tower Mortgage 150,000,000 150,000,000 T.C. İstanbul Büyükşehir Belediyesi Levent Hotel Letter of Guarantee 1,397,158 769,430 T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra Dairesi Halk GYO Letter of Guarantee 61,076	m 1	-,	Mortgage	1.020		
Legal PersonalityProjectGPM Type20222022İller Bankası A.Ş.İstanbul Finance CenterLetter of Guarantee192,907,862244,899,013Halk Bankası A.Ş.Halkbank Finance TowerMortgage150,000,000150,000,000T.C. İstanbul Büyükşehir BelediyesiLevent HotelLetter of Guarantee1,397,158769,430T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra DairesiHalk GYOLetter of Guarantee163,266T.C. İstanbul 23. İcra DairesiHalk GYOLetter of Guarantee61,076	1 otal			1,820,	3/2,354	581,637,997
İller Bankası A.Ş.İstanbul Finance CenterLetter of Guarantee192,907,862244,899,013Halk Bankası A.Ş.Halkbank Finance TowerMortgage150,000,000150,000,000T.C. İstanbul Büyükşehir BelediyesiLevent HotelLetter of Guarantee1,397,158769,436T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra DairesiHalk GYOLetter of Guarantee163,266T.C. İstanbul 23. İcra DairesiHalk GYOLetter of Guarantee61,076	A. CGPMs Given for Company's Own				31 March	31 December
Halk Bankası A.Ş.Halkbank Finance TowerMortgage150,000,000150,000,000T.C. İstanbul Büyükşehir BelediyesiLevent HotelLetter of Guarantee1,397,158769,430T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra DairesiHalk GYOLetter of Guarantee163,266T.C. İstanbul 23. İcra DairesiHalk GYOLetter of Guarantee61,076	Legal Personality	Project	GPM	Type	2022	2021
T.C. İstanbul Büyükşehir Belediyesi Levent Hotel Letter of Guarantee 1,397,158 769,436 T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra Dairesi Halk GYO Letter of Guarantee 163,266 T.C. İstanbul 23. İcra Dairesi Halk GYO Letter of Guarantee 61,076	İller Bankası A.Ş.	İstanbul Finance Center	Letter	of Guarantee	192,907,862	244,899,015
T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra Dairesi Halk GYO Letter of Guarantee 163,266 T.C. İstanbul 23. İcra Dairesi Halk GYO Letter of Guarantee 61,076	Halk Bankası A.Ş.	Halkbank Finance Tower	Mortg	age	150,000,000	150,000,000
T.C. İstanbul 23. İcra Dairesi Halk GYO Letter of Guarantee 61,076	T.C. İstanbul Büyükşehir Belediyesi	Levent Hotel	Letter	of Guarantee	1,397,158	769,436
	T.C. İstanbul 27. İcra Dairesi	Halk GYO	Letter	of Guarantee	163,266	-
T.C.İzmir 28. İcra Dairesi İzmir project Letter of Guarantee 40,747	T.C. İstanbul 23. İcra Dairesi	Halk GYO	Letter	of Guarantee	61,076	-
	T.C.İzmir 28. İcra Dairesi	İzmir project	Letter	of Guarantee	40,747	-

Letter of Guarantee

Letter of Guarantee

Eskişehir project

Kocaeli project

126,448

13,440 395,808,339

344,570,109

# NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

### 12. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

b) Collateral, Pledge and Mortgage (cont'd)

	31 March 2022					
C. GPMs Given in the Normal Course of Business Activities		Letter of		The Company's	Sales Under	The Company's
on Behalf of Third Parties	Letter of Guarantee	Conveyance	Limit of Guarantee	Share 50%	Guarantee	Share 50%
Halk GYO-Vakıf GYO Joint Ventures (*)	-	1,115,445	662,565,000	331,282,500	1,602,735	557,723
Halk GYO-Er Konut Joint Ventures (**)	-	1,167,900	180,000,000	90,000,000	1,637,983	583,950
Teknik Yapı-Halk GYO Joint Ventures (***)	104,491,930	364,000,000	-	-	-	234,245,965
Total	104,491,930	366,283,345	842,565,000	421,282,500	3,240,718	235,387,637

<sup>(\*)</sup> The balance consists of the guarantor fee given to the banks that the Company agreed in consideration of the loan amount when the customers of the pre-sales of residences at Bizimtepe Aydos Project use loans from these banks to buy residences in the scope of the relevant projects.

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> In accordance to Teknik Yapı-Halk GYO Joint Operation İzmir Project, the joint operation has given guarantee letters for İzmir Konak Stage 1 Land Sale of Revenue Sharing amounting to TL 104,491,930 and the letter of conveyance to Halk Bankası A,Ş amounting to TL 364,000,000 as of 31 March 2022.

			31 Decemb	er 2021		
C. GPMs Given in the Normal Course of Business Activities		Letter of		The Company's	Sales Under	The Company's
on Behalf of Third Parties	Letter of Guarantee	Conveyance	Limit of Guarantee	Share 50%	Guarantee	Share 50%
Halk GYO-Vakıf GYO Joint Ventures (*)	-	1,640,760	662,565,000	331,282,500	1,115,445	557,723
Halk GYO-Er Konut Joint Ventures (**)	-	1,637,983	180,000,000	90,000,000	1,167,900	583,950
Teknik Yapı-Halk GYO Joint Ventures (***)	107,852,431	364,000,000	-	-	-	235,926,216
Total	118,252,000	206,110,846	842,565,000	421,282,500	4,651,083	237,067,889

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> The balance consists of the guarantor fee given to the banks that the Company agreed in consideration of the loan amount when the customers of the pre-sales of residences at Erzurum Şehristan Project use loans from these banks to buy residences in the scope of the relevant projects.

# NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 12. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

b) Collateral, Pledge and Mortgage (cont'd)

The ratio of other GPM's given by the Company to the Company's equity is as follows:

	31 March 2022	Equity Rate	31 December 2021	Equity Rate
Landa de la companya				
A. GPMs Given for Company's Own Legal Personality	345,018,967	8,97%	344,570,109	% 10,44
C. GPMs Given in the Normal Course of Business Activities				
on Behalf of Third Parties				
Halk GYO-Vakıf GYO Joint Ventures (*)	1,239,066	0,03%	-	0%
Halk GYO-Er Konut Joint Ventures (**)	583,950	0,02%	583,950	0,02%
Teknik Yapı-Halk GYO Joint Ventures (***)	234,245,965	6,09%	235,926,216	7,15%

# NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 12. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

b) Collateral, Pledge and Mortgage (cont'd)

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Company's guarantee letters and notes received are as follows:

Collateral, Pledge and Mortgage Received	Project	GPM Туре	2022	2021
YDA İnşaat San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	İstanbul Finance Center	Letter of guarantee	112,292,900	112,292,900
Buga Otis Asansör San.ve Tic.A.Ş.	İstanbul Finance Center	Letter of guarantee	64,299,269	59,566,104
Caba İnşaat Enerji Turizm San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	Levent Hotel (lessee)	Letter of guarantee	14,160,000	14,160,000
Sapaz Otekilik Turizm İnşaat Sanayi Ve Ticaret A.Ş.	İstanbul Salıpazarı (lessee)	Letter of guarantee	10,233,361	10,233,361
Barankaya Zemin Müh.İnş.Taah.Nakl.San.Ve Tic.A.Ş.	İzmir Evora	Guarantee note	9,601,884	9,472,509
Taks im Yatırım Gayrimenkul A.Ş.	Beyoğlu Lease Contract	Letter of guarantee	5,594,720	5,594,720
Barankaya Zemin Müh.İnş.Taah.Nakl.San.Ve Tic.A.Ş.	İzmir Evora	Letter of guarantee	3,296,289	3,258,789
UCD Yapı A.Ş.	İzmir Evora	Guarantee note	1,878,588	1,878,588
Haldız İnşaat Otomotiv ve Tic.A.Ş.	Bizimtepe Aydos	Letter of guarantee	1,550,463	1,550,463
Entegre Proje Yönetim Dan.Müh.Tic.A.Ş.	İstanbul Finance Center	Letter of guarantee	1,326,617	1,326,617
Villa Yapı Mühendislik San Ve Tic. Ltd.Şti	İzmir Evora	Letter of guarantee	980,000	-
Teknik Yapı Proje A.Ş.	İzmir Evora	Guarantee note	746,045	746,045
Aslanoğlu Altyapı Ve Üst Yapı A.Ş.	İzmir Evora	Guarantee note	733,900	733,900
Kaf Ve İzmir Zemin Adi Ortaklığı	İzmir Evora	Guarantee note	714,365	714,365
İpekyol Giyim Sanayi Pazarlama ve Ticaret A.Ş.	Ankara Bahçelievler (lessee)	Letter of guarantee	350,000	350,000
Sigma Mühendislik Hizm.Dek.İnş.Ltd.Şti.	Kocaeli Dilovası Industry Area	Letter of guarantee	339,010	339,010
Aktuna Ahşap San. Ve Tic.Ltd.Şti.	İzmir Evora	Guarantee note	207,638	207,638
Ceda Akaryakıt İnşaat Emlak Tur.Tic.Ltd.Şti.	Ankara Başkent (lessee)	Letter of guarantee	200,000	200,000
Duru Peyzaj Günseli Özdil	İzmir Evora	Guarantee note	191,875	191,875
Küp Proje Mimarlık Dan.İnş.San.ve Tic.Ltd.Şti.	Kocaeli Dilovası Industry Area	Letter of guarantee	174,000	-
Manevra Otomotiv Petrol Tarım Tur.Gıda İnş. Taah.San.Ve		-		
Tic.Ltd.Şti.	İzmir Evora	Guarantee note	139,725	139,725
Softeconomics Yazılım ve Danışmanlık Anonim Şirketi	Central Support Serv. Agr.	Letter of guarantee	122,340	-
Aydoğan Dış Ticaret Anonim Şirketi	Rent a car	Letter of guarantee	73,635	73,635
Bilkay İnsan Kay.Eğt.Dan.Ltd.Şti.	Central Support Serv. Agr.	Letter of guarantee	70,000	70,000
Jeodinamik Yer Bilimleri Müh. İnş. San Tic Ltd Şti	İzmir Evora	Guarantee note	51,553	-
Arma Makine Elekt.İnşaat San.Tic.Ltd.Şti	İzmir Evora	Letter of guarantee	50,000	-
Aktif Taah. İnş.Elek.Nak.Turz.San.Tic.Ltd.Şti.	İzmir Evora	Guarantee note	42,435	42,435
Tan Oto Motorlu Araçlar Taşımacılık ve İnş. Tic. Ltd.Şti.	Rent a car	Letter of guarantee	35,880	33,239
Armi Maket Arif Ünlü	İzmir Evora	Guarantee note	30,000	-
Özgün Mühendislik İnş. Taah. San. Ve Tic. Ltd. Şti.	İzmir Evora	Letter of guarantee	23,700	=
Zeha Mekanik Tesisat Müh.Hav.Sis.İnş.Taah.San.Ve Tic.Ltd.Şti.	İzmir Evora	Guarantee note	20,493	20,493
· ·				
Migros Ticaret A.Ş. Burcum Peyzaj İnşaat Turzm San Ltd Şti	Bizimtepe Aydos (lessee)	Letter of guarantee	18585	0
	İzmir Evora	Guarantee note	16,815	-
Aktif Taah. İnş.Elek.Nak.Turz.San.Tic.Ltd.Şti.	İzmir Evora	Letter of guarantee	12,300	12,300
Armi Maket Arif Ünlü	Kocaeli Dilovası Industry Area	Letter of guarantee	11,700	=
Ulaştırma Proje Yönetim İnş.İth.Ve Tic.Ltd.Şti.	İzmir Evora	Guarantee note	5,000	-
Dedeman Turizm Yönetimi A.Ş.	Levent Hotel (lessee)	Letter of guarantee	=	3,000,000
Özbüker Hafriyat İnş. Tur. San. Ve Tic. Ltd. Şti	İzmir Evora	Letter of guarantee	-	35,286
İsmail Serhan Kocabaş	İzmir Evora	Letter of guarantee		5,400
			229,649,997	226,249,397

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### **Short-term provisions for employee benefits**

31 March	31 December
2022	2021
2,820,404	1,404,213
332,496	1,395,173
3,152,900	2,799,386
31 March	31 December
2022	2021
1,390,958	1,292,063
1,390,958	1,292,063
	2022 2,820,404 332,496 3,152,900 31 March 2022 1,390,958

#### Provision for retirement pay liability:

The movements of provision for retirement pay liability in the accounting periods for the years ended with 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021, are as follows:

	1 January-	1 January-	
	31 March	31 March	
	2022	2021	
Provision as of 1 January	1,292,063	817,067	
Service cost	184,954	448,918	
Interest cost	11,426	33,988	
Employment termination benefit paid	-	-	
Actuarial loss/gain	(97,485)	(7,910)	
Provision as of 31 March	1,390,958	1,292,063	

Under Turkish Labor Law, the Company is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed certain years of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, who is called up for military service, dies or retires after completing 25 years of service and reaches the retirement age (58 for women and 60 for men).

The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of TL 10,849 for each period of service as of 31 March 2022 (31 December 2020: TL: 8,284.51).

Retirement pay liability is not subject to any kind of funding legally. Provision for retirement pay liability is calculated by estimating the present value of probable liability amount arising due to retirement of employees. TAS 19 *Employee Benefits*, stipulates the development of the Company's liabilities by using actuarial valuation methods under defined benefit plans. Accordingly, actuarial assumptions used in calculation of total liabilities are described as follows:

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (cont'd)

#### Provision for retirement pay liability (cont'd):

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase parallel with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. Consequently, in the accompanying financial statements as of 31 March 2022, the provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Company arising from the retirement of the employees. The provisions at the respective balance sheet dates have been calculated with the assumption of 3.87% real discount rate (31 December 2021: 3.87%) calculated by using 15.02% annual inflation rate and 19.47% interest rate. Estimated amount of retirement pay not paid due to voluntary leaves is also taken into consideration as 5.74% for employees with 0-15 years of service, and 0% for those with 16 or more years of service. Ceiling amount of TL 10,848.59 which is in effect since 1 January 2022 is used in the calculation of the Company's provision for retirement pay liability (1 January 2021: TL 7,638.96).

The principal assumptions used in the calculation of retirement pay liability are discount rate and anticipated turnover rate. If the discount rate would have been 1% higher/(lower), provision for employee termination benefits would decrease/(increase) by TL 134,727/TL (159,204). If the anticipated turnover rate would have been 1% lower/(higher) while all other variables were held constant, provision for employment termination benefits would (increase)/decrease by TL TL (40,293)/TL 44,425.

#### 14. OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	31 March	31 December
Other Current Assets	2022	2021
Deferred VAT	68,294,212	34,772,701
Deposits and guartees given	159,214	112,732
Business advences given	33,728	5,905
Other	5,038,630	4,925,952
	73,525,784	39,817,290
	31 March	31 December
Other Non-Current Assets	2022	2021
Deferred VAT (**)	64,085,748	64,085,748
	64,085,748	64,085,748
	31 March	31 December
Other Current Assets	2022	2021
Deferred VAT	68,294,212	34,772,701
Deposits and guartees given	159,214	112,732
Business advences given	33,728	5,905
Other	5,038,630	4,925,952
	73,525,784	39,817,290

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> As of 31 March 2022, the VAT balance of Halk GYO amounting to TL 64,085,748 is recognized under other non-current assets since collection is expected in long-term (31 December 2021: TL 64,085,748).

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 14. OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

	31 March	31 December
Other Current Liabilities	2022	2021
Deposits and colleterals received(*)	25,485,341	19,764,596
Taxes and funds payable	11,827,618	4,676,445
Other miscellaneous debts and liabilities	643,462	417,985
	37,956,421	24,859,026

<sup>(\*)</sup> Deposits and guarantees received consist of cash guarantees received from contractors for projects under construction.

#### 15. SHARE CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS

#### a) Share Capital

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the share capital held is as follows:

			31 March		31 December
Shareholders	Group	%	2022	%	2021
Halkbank	A	1.58	24,175,104	1.58	16,116,736
Halkbank(*)	В	70.38	1,076,847,930	70.38	717,898,620
Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	A	0.04	577,359	0.04	384,905
Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ	A	<0,01	2	< 0,01	2
Publicly traded	В	28.00	428,399,605	28.00	285,599,737
Nominal capital		100	1,530,000,000	100	1,020,000,000
Total capital		•	1,530,000,000		1,020,000,000

<sup>(\*)</sup> As of 31 March 2022, there are 112,674,853,336 nominal units of Türkiye Halk Bankası A.Ş. in the publicly traded section and Halk GYO A.Ş. has 43,134,006,462 nominal shares (31 December 2021: 27,346,398,639 shares).

The Company shares are issued to the names into two groups; Group A and Group B. The Group A shares have the right to nominate the members of the Board of Directors ("BOD"). More than half of the BOD members are elected from the nominees of A Group shares and remaining members are elected from mutual nominees of A Group and B Group shares by the General Assembly. In capital increases new Group A shares are issued for Group A shares and new Group B shares are issued for Group B shares.

However, if the board of director restricts preemptive rights of shareholders, new shares are issued as Group B shares.

The Company has been established 1,500,000,000 shares with registered capital ceiling of TL 1,500,000,000 each with par value of TL 1. The Company's issued capital is 1,020,000,000 shares amounting to TL 1,020,000,000. All capital has been committed by the founders; TL 196,217,979 paid in cash, TL 357,500,000 incorporated into capital from reserves and TL 466,282,021 paid in kind (real estates), TL 466,282,021 of the share capital has been paid in kind by main shareholder Halkbank.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 15. SHARE CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS (cont'd)

#### a) Share Capital (cont'd)

As per the Board of Directors decision numbered 49/110 on 15 August 2012, the Company's capital was increased to TL 662,500,000. Increased capital of TL 185,500,000 corresponding to 185,500,000 shares were publicly offered during 13-15 February 2013. As of 20 June 2013, the Company increased its share capital by TL 11,138,704 from prior years' profit.

As of 5 June 2014, the Company increased its share capital by TL 24,261,296 from prior years' profit.

As of 11 June 2015, the Company increased its share capital to TL 743,000,000 by transferring TL 45,100,000 from prior years' profit to share capital.

As of 25 May 2016, the Company increased its share capital to TL 790,000,000 by transferring TL 47,000,000 from prior years' profit to share capital.

As of 15 August 2017, the Company increased its share capital to TL 820,000,000 by transferring TL 30,000,000 from prior years' profit to share capital.

As of 8 June 2018, the Company increased its share capital to TL 858,000,000 by transferring TL 38,000,000 from prior years' profit to share capital.

As of 17 June 2019, the Company increased its share capital to TL 928,000,000 by transferring TL 70,000,000 from prior years' profit to share capital.

As of 20 August 2020, the Company increased its share capital to TL 970,000,000 by transferring TL 42,000,000 from prior years' profit to share capital.

As of 20 May 2021, the Company increased its share capital to TL 1,020,000,000 by transferring TL 50,000,000 from prior years' profit to share capital.

As of 20 May 2022, the Company increased its share capital to TL 1,530,000,000 by transferring TL 510,000,000 from prior years' profit to share capital.

# b) Treasury shares acquired

The Company's treasury shares acquired are accounted for at cost of repurchased shares out of the publicly traded shares. The Company holds 43,134,006 treasury shares as of 31 March 2022 (31 December 2021: 27,346,399 shares).

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 15. SHARE CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS (cont'd)

#### b) Treasury shares acquired (cont'd)

The details of the Company's share repurchases for the accounting period ending on 31 March 2022 are as follows:

			Weighted average	Transaction
Transaction	Transaction date	Nominal value	share price	amount
Repurchased shares	26 February 2013	933,649	1.34	1,251,090
Repurchased shares	27 February 2013	736,571	1.34	987,004
Repurchased shares	28 February 2013	1,000,000	1.34	1,340,000
Repurchased shares	1 March 2013	2,297,269	1.32	3,021,922
Repurchased shares	5 March 2013	3,455,130	1.33	4,608,678
Repurchased shares	11 March 2013	457,867	1.32	604,384
Repurchased shares	12 March 2013	586,245	1.32	773,843
Repurchased shares	15 March 2013	2,000,000	1.32	2,640,000
Repurchased shares	21 March 2013	7,210,586	1.33	9,582,612
Bonus shares from incorporating reserves	20 June 2013	314,024	-	-
Bonus shares from incorporating reserves	5 June 2014	683,977	-	-
Bonus shares from incorporating reserves	11 June 2015	1,271,466	-	-
Bonus shares from incorporating reserves	25 May 2016	1,325,030	-	-
Bonus shares from incorporating reserves	17 August 2017	845,764	-	-
Bonus shares from incorporating reserves	8 June 2018	1,071,301	-	-
Bonus shares from incorporating reserves	17 June 2019	1,973,449	-	-
Bonus shares from incorporating reserves	20 August 2020	1,184,071	-	-
Bonus shares from incorporating reserves	20 May 2021	1,409,605		
Paid capital increase	25 March 2022	14,378,002		
Total repurchased shares	_	43,134,006		24,809,533

# c) Share premiums/discounts

The surplus of sales price over nominal value of shares amounted to TL 64,925,000 during the initial public offering on 13-15 February 2013 were accounted for as share premium. Commission expenses and legal expenses which are related with the initial public offering amounting to TL 8,847,688 are netted off with share premium. Additionally, the differences of sales price over nominal value of own shares acquired amounted to TL 6,132,216 are netted off with share premium. In the capital increase made between 2 March 2022 and 16 March 2022, TL 426,500 was added to the share premiums arising from the sale of the shares that did not use the preference right.

#### d) Restricted reserves appropriated from profit

The legal reserves consist of first and second reserves, in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code. The first legal reserve appropriated out of the statutory profit at the rate of 5% until the total reserve reaches a maximum of 20% of the Company's paid-in capital. The second legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 10% of all distributions in excess of 5% of the Company's paid-in capital. The first and second legal reserves are not available for distribution unless they exceed 50% of the share capital but may be used to absorb losses in the event that the general reserve is exhausted. In accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code, the Company has to appropriate restricted reserve equivalent to the Company's treasury shares acquired. Such reserve can only be released in the amount of any sold or destroyed shares valued at acquisition cost. As of 31 March 2022, the Company's restricted reserves appropriated from profit are comprised of legal reserves amounting to TL 62,522,579 (31 December 2021: TL 58,787,783).

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 16. REVENUE AND COST OF SALES

**17.** 

REVENUE AND COST OF SALES	1 January-	1 January-
	31 March	31 March
a) Sales	2022	2021
Total income on properties	23,742,705	31,503,641
Income from the sale of investment property	3,538,983	18,786,287
Rental income	20,203,722	12,717,354
Total income on debt instruments	4,866,950	2,254,730
Interest income on deposits	4,866,950	2,254,730
	28,609,655	33,758,371
	1 January-	1 January-
	31 March	31 March
b) Cost of Sales	2022	2021
Cost of sales of investment property	2,295,000	17,876,202
Direct operating/maintenance expenses	542,457	-
Other		783,932
	2,837,457	18,660,134
EXPENSES BY NATURE		
	1 January-	1 January-
	31 March	31 March
	2022	2021
Cost of sales of investment property	2,295,000	17,876,526
Personnel expenses	4,855,218	3,632,506
Advertisement expenses	587,589	601,218
Depreciation and amortization expenses	862,334	887,871
Consulting expenses	286,092	209,061
Taxes, fees and duties	652,593	823,523
Outsourced benefits	522,929	209,598
Maintanance and repair expenses	733,155	219,813
Building common expenses	29,408	76,594
Stationery and IT related expenses	27,611	40,727
Travel and car expenses	86,247	28,444
Commission expenses	69,495	33,153
Rent expenses	4,118	12,469
Other	304,858	424,455
	11,316,647	25,075,958

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 18. GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, MARKETING AND SALES EXPENSES

	1 January- 31 March 2022	1 January- 31 March 2021
General administrative expenses (-)	7,358,804	5,365,243
Marketing expenses (-)	1,120,386	1,050,581
	8,479,190	6,415,824
a) Details of General Administrative Expenses		
	1 January-	1 January-
	31 March	31 March
	2022	2021
Personnel expenses	4,715,242	3,429,770
Advertisement expenses	457,414	527,026
Depreciation and amortization charges	362,685	316,915
Taxes, fees and duties	582,757	409,901
Donations and grants	-	-
Consulting expenses	193,740	209,061
Outsourced benefits	522,929	207,322
Maintanance and repair expenses	190,698	155,063
Stationery and IT related expenses	27,611	40,122
Travel and car expenses	86,247	28,444
Provision expenses	-	-
Rent expenses	4,118	12,469
Other expenses	215,363	29,150
	7,358,804	5,365,243
b) Details of Marketing Expenses		
	1 January-	1 January-
	31 March	31 March
	2022	2021
Depreciation and amortization charges	499,649	570,956
Advertisement expenses	130,175	180,185
Personnel expenses	139,976	74,192
Consulting expenses	92,352	33,153
Building common expenses	29,408	42,588
Taxes, fees and duties	69,836	41,693
Sales office rental expenses	-	-
Commission expenses (*)	69,495	33,153
Other expenses	89,495	74,661
	1,120,386	1,050,581

<sup>(\*)</sup> The amount comprises sales commissions paid related to the property projects.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 19. OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Other income from operating activities:

	1 0	1 January-	1 January-
		31 March	31 March
		2022	2021
	Value increase of investment properties (Note 9)	36,565,000	-
	Foreign exchange gains arising from activities	673,505	240,534
	Income from waiver and cancellation of promise of sale	162,674	93,603
	Provisions released	27,663	48,362
	Other income	480,525	81,023
		37,909,367	463,522
	Other expenses from operating activities:		
		1 January-	1 January-
		31 March	31 March
		2022	2021
	Foreign exchange difference expense arising from activities	(633,687)	(168,792)
	Other expenses	(29,683)	(13,748)
		(663,370)	(182,540)
20.	FINANCE EXPENSE		
		1 January-	1 January-
		31 March	31 March
		2022	2021
	Double loop interest expenses	2.070.711	506 171
	Bank loan interest expenses	2,970,711	586,171
	Commission expenses	1,902,308	53,465
	Operating lease borrowing expenses	63,756	89,466
		4,936,775	729,102
	Financing Expense	4,936,775	729,102

### 21. INCOME TAXES

According to the Article 5/1(d) (4) of the Corporate Tax Law numbered 520, earnings of real estate investment trusts are exempt from Corporate Income Tax in Turkey. The Company's subsidiary, Halk Yapı Projeleri Geliştirme A.Ş., is subject to corporate tax valid in Turkey.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 22. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	1 January-	1 January-
Earning per share	31 March	31 March
	2022	2021
The average number of shares during the year (full value)	1,530,000,000	1,020,000,000
Net profit for the parent company shareholders	49,602,230	8,234,293
Earnings per share from continuing or discontinued operations	0.0324	0.0081

#### 23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### **Financial Liabilities**

Financial Liabilities	31 March 2022	31 December 2021
a) Borrowing Instruments	827,864,890	747,962,082
b) Bank Loans	200,980,066	131,076,156
c) Finance Lease Payables(*)	141,963,527	127,871,430
d) Operating Lease Payables	1,312,251_	1,673,703
	1,172,120,734	1,008,583,371

(\*) The Company signed an agreement with Buga Otis Asansör Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. within the scope of service procurement for vertical transports (elevator and escalator) in Halk Office Towers to be built related to the project of Istanbul International Finance Center and signed financial lease agreement with Halk Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. for relevant service procurement.

Borrowing Instruments	31 March 2022	31 December 2021
Short-term lease certificates	827,864,890	747,962,082
	827,864,890	747,962,082

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

# Financial Liabilities (cont'd)

The Company's lease certificate issue is detailed as follows:

		Rate of			Issue
Issue Date	Maturity Date	Return	Addition Amount	Amortization Date	Amount
19 December 2017	16 March 2018	13.25%	100,000,000	16 March 2018	103,158,384
16 March 2018	20 June 2018	13.40%	100,000,000	20 June 2018	103,528,384
23 March 2018	20 June 2018	13.40%	25,000,000	20 June 2018	25,816,849
20 June 2018	19 September 2018	17.00%	125,000,000	19 September 2018	130,297,945
19 September 2018	19 December 2018	27.00%	125,000,000	19 December 2018	133,430,181
12 October 2018	22 January 2019	27.50%	75,000,000	22 January 2019	80,763,699
19 December 2018	16 April 2019	23.60%	170,000,000	16 April 2019	182,970,150
22 January 2019	21 May 2019	22.50%	80,000,000	21 May 2019	85,868,480
16 April 2019	20 August 2019	22.75%	180,000,000	20 August 2019	194,136,120
21 May 2019	17 September 2019	23.50%	75,000,000	17 September 2019	80,746,200
20 August 2019	17 December 2019	17.50%	205,000,000	17 December 2019	216,696,070
17 September 2019	7 January 2020	14.90%	75,000,000	7 January 2020	78,429,000
9 October 2019	10 March 2020	14.00%	100,000,000	10 March 2020	105,868,400
17 December 2019	12 May 2020	10.90%	185,000,000	12 May 2020	193,121,130
7 January 2020	2 June 2020	10.40%	75,000,000	2 June 2020	78,141,300
10 March 2020	18 August 2020	9.80%	75,000,000	18 August 2020	78,242,025
2 June 2020	29 September 2020	8.60%	100,000,000	29 September 2020	102,803,800
12 Mayıs 2020	6 October 2020	9.00%	75,000,000	6 October 2020	77,718,525
18 August 2020	13 January 2021	11.50%	40,000,000	13 January 2021	41,865,200
29 September 2020	24 February 2021	13.15%	120,000,000	24 February 2021	126,398,520
6 October 2020	10 March 2021	13.15%	120,000,000	10 March 2021	126,701,040
23 December 2020	6 April 2021	17.4%	46,000,000	6 April 2021	48,280,588
24 February 2021	23 June 2021	17.7%	150,000,000	23 June 2021	158,656,050
10 March 2021	1 July 2021	17.75%	131,000,000	1 July 2021	138,198,712
6 April 2021	18 August 2021	19,40%	120,000,000	18 August 2020	128,546,640
23 June 2021	12 October 2021	18,95%	180,000,000	12 October 2021	190,373,220
1 July 2021	9 November 2021	19,00%	150,000,000	9 November 2021	160,228,000
28 July 2021	23 November 2021	19,10%	120,000,000	23 November 2021	127,409,760
18 August 2021	8 December 2021	19,00%	150,000,000	8 December 2021	158,745,150
12 October 2021	8 February 2022	17,85%	180,000,000	-	190,475,280
9 November 2021	1 March 2022	16,30%	200,000,000	-	210,003,200
23 November 2021	22 March 2022	15,50%	120,000,000	-	126,064,080
8 December 2021	5 April 2022	16,00%	232,000,000	-	244,000,432

The Company's commercial bill issue is detailed as follows:

		Rate of			Issue
Issue Date	<b>Maturity Date</b>	Return	<b>Addition Amount</b>	<b>Amortization Date</b>	Amount
6 October 2017	30 March 2018	14.10%	93,668,000	30 March 2018	100,000,213
30 March 2018	19 September 2018	14.85%	74,739,200	19 September 2018	80,000,000
19 September 2018	21 December 2018	28.50%	46,615,000	21 December 2018	50,000,000

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

# **Financial Liabilities (cont'd)**

Bank Loans	31 March 2022	31 December 2021
Short-term bank loans	142,092,601	57,779,181
Short-term portion of long-term bank loans	49,095,711	50,368,187
Long-term bank loans	9,791,754	22,928,788
	200,980,066	131,076,156

Interest rates of financial liabilities are as follows:

		Weighted average	31 Mar	ch 2022
Financial Instrument	Currency	interest rate	Short-term	Long-term
Lease certificates	TL	17,54 <del>%</del>	827,864,890	_
Fixed rate loans	TL	9,75%	54,270,317	9,791,754
Floating rate loans	TL	15,07%	136,917,996	-
Financial lease	EUR	5,1%	68,975,953	72,987,573
Operating lease	TL	23,5%	937,199	375,052
Operating lease	EUR	5,10%	-	-
		,	1,088,966,355	83,154,379
		Weighted average	31 Decen	nber 2021
Financial Instrument	Currency	interest rate	Short-term	Long-term
Lease certificates	TL	13,53%	747,962,082	-
Floating rate loans	TL	17,80%	50,943,872	22,928,788
Fixed rate loans	TL	9,76%	57,203,497	-
Financial lease	EUR	5,10%	57,063,382	70,808,044
Operating lease	TL	23,5%	1,201,446	472,260
			914,374,279	94,209,092
Maturities of bank borrowing	os are as follows:			
With the solution of the solut	55 are as follows.		31 March 2022	31 December 2021
To be paid in 1 year			1,088,966,355	914,374,279
To be paid between 1-2 years			67,787,679	74,515,215
To be paid between 2-3 years			15,366,700	19,693,877
To be paid between 3-4 years			<u>-</u>	
			1,172,120,734	1,008,583,371

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 24. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

# a) Capital risk management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance. The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which includes the borrowings disclosed in Note 22, comprising cash and cash equivalents, issued capital, reserves and prior years' profit.

The Company's board of directors reviews the capital structure of the Company on a quarterly basis. As a part of this review, the committee considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the board, the Company balances its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and acquiring own shares, as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

In addition and consistent with other entities in the industry, the Company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including 'current and non-current borrowings' as shown in the statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as "equity" as shown in the statement of financial position plus net debt.

During 2020, the Company's strategy has not been change from 2019. As of 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019, the net debt/capital ratio calculated as net debt divided by total capital (net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents and short-term financial investments) is as follows:

	31 March	31 December
	2022	2021
Financial Liabilities	1,172,495,786	1,009,055,630
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	(487,839,767)	(52,795,894)
Net Debt	684,656,019	956,259,736
Total Shareholders Equity	3,843,376,846	3,297,726,119
Total Share Capital	1,530,000,000	1,020,000,000
Gearing Ratio	45%	45%

#### b) Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to market risk (foreign currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's risk management programme generaly focuses on uncertainty in financial markets and minimizing potential negative effects on the Company's financial performance.

Risk management is conducted by a treasury department with policies approved by the Board of Directors. Treasury department of the Company defines and evaluates the financial risk, and by working with the operation units by using tools to decrease the risk. Board of Directors maintains generates a written procedure about foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, usage of derivative instruments and other non-derivative financial instruments, and evaluating excess liquidity or other various risks.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 24. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

### b.1) Credit risk management

Details of credit risk by class of financial instruments					
	Trade Receivables		Other Receiv	Other Receivables	
31 March 2022	Related Parties	<u>Other</u>	Related Parties	<u>Other</u>	Deposits at Banks
Maximum credit risk exposed as of balance sheet date (A+B+C+D) (*)	60	3,642,335	-		- 487,850,001
- Secured portion of the maximum credit risk by guarantees, etc. (**)	-	3,639,700	-		
A. Net book value of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired	60	3,642,335	-		- 487,850,001
B. Net book value of financial assets that are past due but not impaired	-	-	-		
C. Net book value of the impaired assets					
- Past due (gross amount)	-	-	-		
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-		
- Secured portion of the net book value by guarantees, etc.	-	-	-		
- Not past due (gross amount)	-	-	-		
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-		
- Secured portion of the net book value by guarantees, etc.	-	-	-		
D. Off-balance sheet items include credit risk	-	-	-		

<sup>(\*)</sup> The factors that increase the credit reliability, such as guarantees received are not considered in the determination of the balance.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Guarantees consist of guarantee letters, guarantee notes and mortgages obtained from the customers.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 24. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

# b.1) Credit risk management (cont'd)

Details of credit risk by class of financial instruments	Receivables					
	Trade Receivables		Other Receivables			
31 December 2021	Related Parties	<u>Other</u>	Related Parties	<u>Other</u>	Deposits at Banks	
Maximum credit risk exposed as of balance sheet date (A+B+C+D) (*)	60	2,529,290	-	-	53,109,547	
- Secured portion of the maximum credit risk by guarantees, etc. (**)	-	2,259,423	-	-	-	
A. Net book value of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired	60	2,529,290	-	-	53,109,547	
C. Net book value of the impaired assets	-	-	-	-	-	
- Past due (gross amount)	-	-	-	-	-	
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-	
- Secured portion of the net book value by guarantees, etc.	=	-	-	-	-	
- Not past due (gross amount)	-	-	-	-	-	
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-	
- Secured portion of the net book value by guarantees, etc.	-	-	-	-	-	
D. Off-balance sheet items include credit risk	_	_	_	_	_	

<sup>(\*)</sup> The factors that increase the credit reliability, such as guarantees received are not considered in the determination of the balance.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Guarantees consist of guarantee letters, guarantee notes and mortgages obtained from the customers.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 24. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### b.1) Credit risk management (cont'd)

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company aims to decrease credit risk by transacting only with parties who has credit assurance and where possible, obtaining sufficient gurantee. Credit risks which the Company is exposed, and credibility of customers are being monitored regularly. Credit risk is being controlled by the risk management committee through limits which are determined and annually controlled by the Board of Directors.

# b.2) Liquidity risk management

The ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management belongs to the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors has established a liquidity risk management in order to meet short, mid and long term financing, and liquidity requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by monitoring expected and actual cash flows closely, and by maintaining sustainability of sufficient borrowing funds through matching maturities of financial assets and liabilities.

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables below have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

#### Liquidity risk table:

#### 31 March 2022

Contractual Terms	<u>Carrying value</u>	Total Contractual Cash Outflows (I+II+III)	Less than 3 months (I)	3 to 12 months (II)	1 to 5 years (III)
Non-derivative					
financials liabilities					
Bank loans	200,980,066	213,335,766	158,475,781	43,705,375	11,154,610
Debt securities issued	827,864,890	846,638,452	846,638,452	-	-
Financia lease liabilities	141,963,527	150,299,034	16,433,254	54,377,667	79,488,113
Long-term liabilities arising from					
operating leases	1,312,251	1,879,031	425,208	934,263	519,560
Trade payables	120,855,686	230,684,151	122,814,161	-	107,869,990
Other liabilities	12,471,080	12,497,460	12,497,460	-	-
Total liabilities	1,305,447,500	1,455,333,894	1,157,284,316	99,017,305	199,032,273

		Total Contractual			
		Cash Outflows	Less than 3	3 to 12 months	
Contractual Terms	Carrying value	<u>(I+II+III)</u>	months (I)	<u>(II)</u>	1 to 5 years (III)
Non-derivative					
financials liabilities					
Bank loans	118,092,468	135,175,550	6,847,441	43,265,664	85,062,445
Debt securities issued	335,615,485	343,245,348	294,964,760	48,280,588	-
Financia lease liabilities	26,391,408	27,926,179	5,486,637	7,736,660	14,702,882
Long-term liabilities arising from					
operating leases	1,117,575	1,192,483	293,240	579,102	320,141
Trade payables	30,896,058	30,896,058	30,896,058	-	-
Other liabilities	1,520,290	1,520,290	1,520,290	-	-
Total liabilities	513,633,284	539,955,908	340,008,426	99,862,014	100,085,468

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 24. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### b.3) Market risk management

During the current period, no change to either exposed risks or management and measurement methods of these risks was made compared to the prior year.

# b.3.1) Foreign currency risk management

The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary and non-monetary assets and monetary and non-monetary liabilities at the reporting period are as follows:

	TL Amount	31 March 2022 US Dollar	Euro
<ol> <li>Trade Receivables</li> <li>Monetary Financial Assets</li> <li>Non-monetary Financial Assets</li> <li>Other</li> </ol>	209,069	- 4,764 -	- 8,556 -
4. CURRENT ASSETS 5. Trade Receivables 6a. Monetary Financial Assets 6b. Non-monetary Financial Assets 7. Other	209,069 811,503	4,764 - - - -	8,556 49,830 - -
8. NON-CURRENT ASSETS 9. TOTAL ASSETS	811,503 1,020,572	- 4,764	49,830 58,385
<ul><li>10. Trade Payables</li><li>11. Financial Liabilities</li><li>12a. Monetary Other Liabilities</li><li>12b. Non-Monetary Other Liabilities</li></ul>	69,526 49,237,946 -	4,750 - -	3,017,993
13. CURRENT LIABILITIES 14.Trade Payables 15. Financial Liabilities	49,307,472 - 92,725,581	4,750	3,017,993
<ul><li>16a. Monetary Other Liabilities</li><li>16b. Non-Monetary Other Liabilities</li><li>17. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</li></ul>	92,725,581	- - -	5,683,525
18.TOTAL LIABILITIES	142,033,053	4,750	8,701,518
19. Off-balance Sheet Derivative Instruments Net Asset/Liability Position (19a-19b)	-	-	-
19.a. Assets on foreign currency derivative instruments	-	-	-
19.b. Liabilities on foreign currency derivative instruments	-	-	-
20.Net Foreign Currency Assets/Liabilities Position	141,012,481	14	8,643,133
21.Monetary Items Net Foreign Currency Assets / Liabilities (1+2a+5+6a-10-12a-14-16a)	(141,012,481)	14	(8,643,133)

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 24. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

# b.3.1) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

	31 December 2021			
	TL Amount	US Dollar	Euro	
Trade Receivables				
2a. Monetary Financial Assets		_	_	
2b. Non-monetary Financial Assets	_	_	_	
3. Other	_	_	_	
4.CURRENT ASSETS		-	_	
5. Trade Receivables	52,208	-	5,796	
6a. Monetary Financial Assets	· -	-	, -	
6b. Non-monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	
7. Other	-	-	-	
8. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	52,208	-	5,796	
9. TOTAL ASSETS	52,208	-	5,796	
10. Trade Payables	-	-	-	
11. Financial Liabilities	13,019,517	-	1,445,344	
12a. Monetary Other Liabilities	-	-	-	
12b. Non-Monetary Other Liabilities		-		
13. CURRENT LIABILITIES	13,019,517	-	1,445,344	
14.Trade Payables	-	-	-	
15. Financial Liabilties	13,433,643	-	1,491,318	
16a. Monetary Other Liabilities	-	-	-	
16b. Non-Monetary Other Liabilities		-		
17. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	13,433,643	-	1,491,318	
18.TOTAL LIABILITIES	26,453,160	-	2,936,662	
19. Off-balance Sheet Derivative Instruments				
Net Asset/Liability Position (19a-19b)	-	-	-	
19.a. Assets on foreign currency derivative instruments	-	-	-	
10.1. L'al-Tr's and Comition are all all and and				
19.b. Liabilities on foreign currency derivative instruments	-	-	-	
20.Net Foreign Currency Assets/Liabilities Position	(26,400,952)	-	(2,930,867)	
21.Monetary Items Net Foreign Currency Assets /				
Liabilities (1+2a+5+6a-10-12a-14-16a)	(26,400,952)	-	(2,930,867)	

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 24. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### b.3.1) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

#### Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to US Dollar and Euro.

The following table details the Company's sensitivity to a 10% increase and decrease in foreign currency against TL. 10% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 10% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit/loss and other equity items.

31	Ma	ırch	20	122

	Profit / Loss		Equity	
	Appreciation of Foreign	Depreciation of Foreign	Appreciation of Foreign	Depreciation of Foreign
	Currency	Currency	Currency	Currency
In case of US Dolar increases in 10% against TL				
1 - US Dolar net asset/liability	21	(21)	21	(21)
2- US Dolar hedges (-)	-	-	-	-
3- Net effect of US Dollar (1 +2)	21	(21)	21	(21)
In case of Euro increases in 10% against TL	-			
4 - Euro net asset/liability	(14,101,098)	14,101,098	(14,101,098)	14,101,098
5 - Euro hedges (-)	-	-	-	-
6- Net effect of Euro (4+5)	(14,101,098)	14,101,098	(14,101,098)	14,101,098
	(14,101,077)	14,101,077	(14,101,077)	14,101,077

#### 31 December 2021

	Profit / Loss		Equity	
	Appreciation of Foreign	Depreciation of Foreign	Appreciation of Foreign	Depreciation of Foreign
	Currency	Currency	Currency	Currency
In case of US Dolar increases in 10% against TL				
1 - US Dolar net asset/liability	19	(19)	19	(19)
2- US Dolar hedges (-)	-	-	-	-
3- Net effect of US Dollar (1 +2)	19	(19)	-	
In case of Euro increases in 10% against TL				
4 - Euro net asset/liability	(12,702,478)	12,702,478	(12,702,478)	12,702,478
5 - Euro hedges (-)	-	-	-	-
6- Net effect of Euro (4+5)	(12,702,478)	12,702,478	(12,702,478)	12,702,478
	(12,702,459)	12,702,459	(12,702,478)	12,702,478

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 24. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### b.3.2) Interest rate risk management

The Company borrows funds at fixed interest rate. Risk hedging strategies are evaluated regularly in order to comply with interest rate anticipations and defined risks.

# Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The details of the interest-bearing financial assets of the Company are as follows:

	31 March 2022	31 December 2021
Fixed Interest Rate Instruments		
Financial Liabilities	1,035,202,738	956,409,873
Variable Interest Rate Instruments		
Financial Liabilities	136,917,996	-

# 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES)

		Financial liabilities		
31 March 2022	At FVTPL	at amortized cost	Carrying value (*)	Note
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	487,839,767	-	487,839,767	27
Trade receivables	3,642,394	-	3,642,394	5
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	-	1,172,120,734	1,172,120,734	23
Trade payables	-	120,855,686	120,855,686	5
Due to related parties	-	85,000,000	85,000,000	4
Other liabilities		12,473,858	12,473,858	14
		Financial liabilities		
31 December 2021	At FVTPL	at amortized cost	Carrying value (*)	Note
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	52,795,894	-	49,553,215	27
Trade receivables	2,056,118	-	6,933,434	5
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	-	1,008,583,371	1,008,583,371	23
Trade payables	-	51,588,536	51,588,536	5
Due to related parties	-	85,010,021	85,010,021	4
Other liabilities	-	5,118,543	5,118,543	14

<sup>(\*)</sup> The Company management considers the carrying amounts of financial assets approximate their fair values.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES) (cont'd)

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined and grouped as follows:

- Level 1: The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices;
- Level 2: The fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flows analysis using prices from observable current market transactions; and
- Level 3: The fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities are determined where there is no observable market data.

#### 26. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

None.

#### 27. NOTES ON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	31 March	31 December
_	2022	2021
Cash at banks	100,870,924	52,796,803
Demand deposits (*)	5,749,664	2,131,214
Time deposits with a maturity of less than three months	95,121,260	50,665,589
Expected credit loss (-)	(1,211)	(909)
Other defaults (**)	386,970,054	-
Cash and cash equivalents in the statement		
of financial position	487,839,767	52,795,894
Less: Interest income accruals on cash equivalents	(36,473)	(21,983)
Cash and cash equivalents in the statement		
of cash flows	487,803,294	52,773,911

<sup>(\*)</sup> As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, there is blocked amount for salary payments to personnel from demand deposit amounts.

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the details of time deposits in banks are as follows:

31 March 2022	Amount	Interest rate	Maturity
Time deposits			
TL	94,985,927	14%	1 April 2022
TL	104,892	15%	1 April 2022
TL	7,304	8%	1 April 2022
TL	23,137	15%	1 April 2022
	95,121,260		

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, there are Private Sector Bonds, Notes and Bills.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 27. NOTES ON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (cont'd)

31 December 2021	Amount	Interest rate	Maturity
Time deposits			
TL	50,525,008	15,75%	2 January 2022
TL	2,358	4,75%	2 January 2022
TL	57,238	14,00%	2 January 2022
TL	80,985	15,00%	2 January 2022
	50,665,589		

Explanations about the nature and level of risks related to cash and cash equivalents are provided in Note 23.

# 28. DISCLOSURE OF OTHER MATTERS THAT MAY AFFECT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SIGNIFICANTLY OR IS NECESSARY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO BE CLEAR, INTERPRETABLE AND COMPREHENSIBLE

An indictment was filed against the Parent Bank on 15 October 2019 by the New York Southern District Attorney General of the United States Department of Justice, which repeated the allegations made in the case against the former executive of the Parent Bank for violation of Iranian sanctions.

Initially, the Parent Bank applied to the District Court on 4 November 2019, requesting a special appearance to discuss the issues of objection and denial of judicial jurisdiction, and rejection of the judge of the case. The District Court dismissed the request of the special appearance on 5 December 2019. The Parent Bank appealed the District Court's decision to the Second Circuit Court of Appeals on 17 December 2019. The Second Circuit Court of Appeals dismissed the Parent Bank's objection on 21 February 2020.

In the meeting held by the Parent Bank's Board of Directors on 27 March 2020, it was decided to attend the hearing on 31 March 2020 in the District Court where the case will be discussed, to accept the notification of the case and to appoint Williams&Connolly law firm with a proxy to represent the Parent Bank in the process.

At the hearing on 31 March 2020 held in the District Court, it has been decided to postpone the hearing initially to 9 June 2020 and subsequently to 30 June 2020 due to the global scale COVID19 outbreak.

At the hearing held in the District Court on 30 June 2020, the timetable regarding the objection to the recusal motion, the requests for evidence and the submission of other requests has been determined, and it was decided that the jury hearing would be held on 1 March 2021. Accordingly, it has been decided that the jury trials will start on 3 May 2021. Within this scope, the Bank filed its motions to the District Court regarding the recusal of the judge on 14 July 2020, and regarding other requests attacking the face of the the indictment on 10 August 2020.

The Bank's request for refusal was rejected by the District Court on 24 August 2020, and by the Second Court of Appeal on 23 December 2020.

On 1 October 2020, the Bank's request to drop the indictment was rejected by the District Court. The Bank appealed to the Court of Appeals for Foreign State Immunity (to be exempt from the jurisdiction of the US courts) within the scope of the request to drop the indictment. The Second Court of Appeal accepted the Bank's appeal on 23 December 2020 to discuss the merits and at the same time decided to stay the District Court process. An oral hearing was held before the Second Court of Appeal on 12 April 2021, and the Court rejected the Bank's appeal on 22 October 2021. The Bank requested a reconsideration of the decision rendered by the Second Court of Appeals on 5 November 2021. The court rejected this request on 15 December 2021.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# 28. DISCLOSURE OF OTHER MATTERS THAT MAY AFFECT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SIGNIFICANTLY OR IS NECESSARY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO BE CLEAR, INTERPRETABLE AND COMPREHENSIBLE (cont'd)

Since the Bank will bring its objection regarding Foreign State Immunity to the US Supreme Court (Supreme Court of the United States), it has requested the Second Court of Appeal to stop the case from being sent back to the District Court in this process. This request was accepted by the Second Court of Appeal on 14 January 2022. Legal proceedings in the District Court are suspended pending the end of the U.S. Supreme Court process. The Bank will file an appeal under Foreign State Immunity with the U.S. Supreme Court by 13 May 2022. If the Bank's appeal is successful in the US Court of Appeals, the case will be sent back to the District Court and the District Court will need to establish a new case schedule for the proceedings.

In addition, a civil lawsuit was filed against the Bank on 27 March 2020, before the US Southern District Court of New York, on the grounds that "they could not collect their receivables from Iran due to alleged violations of sanctions" by some of the complainants. The relevant case was notified to the Bank's lawyers on 1 July 2020. The Bank submitted its petition to the court on 25 September 2020, stating that the case should be dismissed due to the rejection of the complainants' complaint. The petition process in this context was completed on 16 December 2020. On 16 February 2021, the District Court accepted the Bank's objection to the incompatibility of the jurisdiction within the scope of the dismissal of the case, conditionally rejecting the case and the case file at the District Court was closed on 3 March 2021.

The complainants submitted their appeal on 30 June 2021, taking the District Court decision to the Second Court of Appeal. The mutual petition stage has been completed and the appeal process continues before the Second Court of Appeal.

The Bank closely monitors the proceedings of both criminal and civil lawsuits through specialized US law firms.

#### 29. FEES FOR SERVICES RECEIVED FROM INDEPENDENT AUDIT FIRM

Based on the Board Decision of the Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority published in the "POA" Official Gazette, the fees related to the services received from the independent auditor/independent audit firm as of the reporting period are as follows:

	1 January-	I January-
	31 March	31 March
Independent audit fee for the reporting period	2022	2021
	98,000	60,750
	98,000	60,750

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

#### 30. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

#### FİNANSAL YATIRIMLAR

#### Bağlı Ortaklık

31 Mart 2022 ve 31 Aralık 2021 tarihleri itibarıyla Şirket'in bağlı ortaklığının bilançodaki kayıtlı değeri aşağıdaki gibidir:

			Grup'un serm oranı ve oy ku oranı	ıllanma hakkı
	31 Mart	31 Aralık		
	2022	2021	31 Mart 2022	31 Aralık 2021
Halk Yapı Projeleri Geliştirme A.Ş.	15.000.000	15.000.000	% 100	% 100

# APPENDIX 1 CONTROL OF COMPLIANCE WITH RESTRICTIONS ON THE INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

The information contained herein, is summary information derived from the financial statements according to Article 16 "Communiqué on Financial Reporting in Capital Market" Serial: II, No: 14.1 of the CMB and prepared for purposes of the controlling the compliance with portfolio limitations as set out in the CMB's Serial: III No: 48.1 communique, "Communiqué on Principles Regarding Real Estate Investment Trusts", published in the Official Gazette numbered 28660 dated 28 May 2013.

As of 31 March 2021, the Company complied with the restrictions that stated on the paragraph "a, b, c, c, and d" of 24th, 22nd and 38th articles of the CMB's communique no III-48.1, "Communiqué on Principles Regarding Real Estate Investment Trusts", published in the Official Gazette numbered 28660. The ratios related with these restrictions are shown below.

NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# APPENDIX 1 CONTROL OF COMPLIANCE WITH RESTRICTIONS ON THE INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (cont'd)

#### APPX I CONTROL OF COMPLIANCE WITH PORTFOLIO LIMITATIONS

	Financial statement primary account items	Regulation	31 March 2022 (TL)	31 December 2021 (TL)
A	Money and capital market instruments	Serial: III-48.1, Article 24/(b)	487,839,767	52,795,893
В	Real estates, based on real estates, rights based on real estates	Serial: III-48.1, Article24/(a)	4,657,162,642	4,304,090,596
C	Subsidiaries	Serial: III-48.1, Article24/(b)	15,000,000	15,000,000
	Due from related parties (non-trade)	Serial: III-48.1, Article23/(f)		
	Other assets		222,651,785	195,583,878
D	Total Assets	Serial: III-48.1, Article3/(k)	5,382,654,194	4,567,470,368
E	Loans and borrowings	Serial: III-48.1, Article31	1,172,120,735	1,008,583,371
F	Other financial liabilities	Serial: III-48.1, Article31		
G	Financial leasing obligations	Serial: III-48.1, Article31	141,963,526	127,871,430
Н	Due to related parties (non-trade)	Serial: III-48.1, Article23/(f)		
İ	Equity	Serial: III-48.1, Article31	3,843,376,846	3,297,726,118
	Other liabilities		225,193,087	133,289,450
D	Total liabilities and equity	Serial: III-48.1, Article3/(k)	5,382,654,194	4,567,470,368
	Other financial information	Regulation	31.03.2022 (TL)	31 Aralık 2021 (TL)
A1	Portion of money and capital markets instruments for real estate payments of 3 years	Serial: III-48.1, Article24/(b)	386,970,054	
<b>A2</b>	Time deposit/ demand deposit/ TL / foreign currency	Serial: III-48.1, Article24/(b)	100,869,713	52,795,893
A3	Foreign capital market instruments	Serial: III-48.1, Article24/(d)	==	
B1	Foreign real estates, based on real estates projects, rights for real estates	Serial: III-48.1, Article24/(d)		
<b>B2</b>	Idle land	Serial: III-48.1, Article24/(c)		
C1	Foreign Subsidiaries	Serial: III-48.1, Article24/(d)		
C2	Investment in the operating company	Serial: III-48.1, Article28		
J	Non-cash loans	Serial: III-48.1, Article31	430,406,604	431,637,997
K	Mortgage amounts on land that project to be developed but the ownership does not belong the entity	Serial: III-48.1, Article22/(e)		
L	Total investments of money and capital market instruments at one company	Serial: III-48.1, Article22/(l)		

# NOTES TO THE REVIEWED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

# APPENDIX 1 CONTROL OF COMPLIANCE WITH RESTRICTIONS ON THE INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (cont'd)

	Portfolio Restriction	Regulations	Calculation	Min/Mx Rate	31 March 2022 (TL)	31 December 2021 (TL)
1	Mortgage amounts on land that project to be developed but the ownership does not belong the entity	Serial: III-48.1, Article 22/(e)	K/D	Maximum 10%		
2	Real estates, based on real estates, rights based on real estates	Serial: III-48.1, Article 24/(a),(b)	(B+A1)/D	Minimum 51%	93.71%	94.23%
3	Money and capital market instruments and associates	Serial: III-48.1, Article 24/(b)	(A+C-A1)/D	Maximum 49%	16.53%	1.48%
	Foreign real estates, based on real estates projects, rights for real estates, associates, capital market instruments	Serial: III-48.1, Article 24/(d)	(A3+B1+C1)/D	Maximum 49%		
5	Idle land	Serial: III-48.1, Article 24/(c)	B2/D	Maximum 20%		
6	Investment in the operating company	Serial: III-48.1, Article 28	C2/D	Maximum 10%		
7	Borrowing Limit	Serial: III-48.1, Article 31	(E+F+G+H+J)/İ	Maximum 500%	45.39%	47.55%
8	Time deposit/ demand deposit/ TL/ foreign currency	Serial: III-48.1, Article24/(b)	(A2-A1)/D	Maximum 10%	-5.32%	1.16%
9	Total investments of money and capital market instruments at one company	Serial: III-48.1, Article22/(l)	L/D	Maximum 10%		